

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





## DIRECTORS' REPORT for the year ended 31 March 2015

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2015.

## **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding and provision of management services, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 33 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

## RESULTS

	Group RM'000	Company RM'000
Profit for the year attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	191,400	96,315
Non-controlling interests	4,540	-
	195,940	96,315

## **RESERVES AND PROVISIONS**

There were no material transfers to or from reserves and provisions during the financial year under review except as disclosed in these financial statements.

## DIVIDENDS

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company declared and paid a final single tier dividend of 3.50 sen per ordinary share of RM0.25 each totalling approximately RM43,681,000 in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2014 on 12 September 2014.

The Directors recommend a final single tier dividend of 4.25 sen per ordinary share of RM0.25 each in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2015 subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming general meeting. Based on the issued and paid-up capital of the Company at the end of the reporting period, the final dividend would amount to approximately RM53,041,000.

## **DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY**

Directors who served since the date of the last report are:

Tengku Dato' Zainal Rashid Bin Tengku Mahmood Chia Song Kun Chia Seong Pow Chia Seong Fatt Chia Song Kooi Chia Song Swa Chia Mak Hooi Cheah Juw Teck Chieng Ing Huong Tan Bun Poo Datuk Wira Jalilah Binti Baba (*resigned on 22 August 2014*)

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES**

The interests and deemed interests in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related companies (other than wholly-owned subsidiaries) of those who were Directors at financial year end (including the interests of the spouses and children of the Directors who themselves are not Directors of the Company) as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings are as follows:

	Num	ber of ordina	ry shares of RM0	.25 each
	At			At
	1.4.2014	Bought	Sold	31.3.2015
Shareholdings in the Company				
which Directors have direct interests:				
Tengku Dato' Zainal Rashid Bin Tengku Mahmood	3,870,000	-	-	3,870,000
Chia Song Kun	675,000	-	-	675,000
Chia Seong Pow	2,820,000	-	(620,000)	2,200,000
Chia Seong Fatt	486,000	-	-	486,000
Chia Song Kooi	870,000	-	-	870,000
Chia Song Swa	567,000	-	-	567,000
Chia Mak Hooi	909,000	159,000	-	1,068,000
Cheah Juw Teck	2,197,450	212,900	(115,000)	2,295,350
Shareholdings in the Company				
which Directors have indirect interests:				
Chia Song Kun	574,847,066	606,200	(37,538,700)	537,914,566
Chia Seong Pow	165,771,370	512,000	(11,074,300)	155,209,070
Chia Seong Fatt	164,238,510	372,000	(11,074,300)	153,536,210
Chia Song Kooi	565,687,022	372,000	(36,530,700)	529,528,322
Chia Song Swa	563,786,222	932,000	(36,530,700)	528,187,522
Chia Mak Hooi	569,553,272	372,000	(36,530,700)	533,394,572
Cheah Juw Teck	7,304,700	35,000	_	7,339,700

By virtue of their interest in the shares of the Company, Chia Song Kun, Chia Seong Pow, Chia Seong Fatt, Chia Song Kooi, Chia Song Swa and Chia Mak Hooi are also deemed interested in the shares of all subsidiaries disclosed in Note 33 to these financial statements to the extent that the Company has an interest. Details of their deemed shareholdings in non-wholly-owned subsidiaries are shown in Note 33.1 to these financial statements.

The other Directors, Chieng Ing Huong and Tan Bun Poo holding office at 31 March 2015 did not have any interest in the ordinary shares of the Company and of its related companies during the financial year.

## DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, no Director of the Company has received nor become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by Directors as shown in the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full time employee of the Company or of related corporations) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which the Director is a member, or with a company in which the Director has a substantial financial interest, other than certain Directors who have substantial financial interests in companies which traded with certain companies in the Group in the ordinary course of business as disclosed in Note 32 to the financial statements.

#### **DIRECTORS' BENEFITS (CONTINUED)**

There were no arrangements during and at the end of the financial year which had the object of enabling Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

### **ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

There were no changes in the authorised, issued and paid-up capital of the Company during the financial year.

There were no debentures issued during the financial year.

## **OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES**

No options were granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial year.

## **SHARE BUY-BACK**

The shareholders of the Company, by an ordinary resolution passed in annual general meeting held on 22 August 2014, renewed the Company's plan to buy-back its own shares.

There was no share buy-back during the financial year.

## **OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION**

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that:

- i) all known bad debts have been written off and adequate provision made for doubtful debts, and
- ii) any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.
- At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:
- i) that would render the amount written off for bad debts, or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the Group and in the Company inadequate to any substantial extent, or
- ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading, or
- iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate, or
- iv) not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements, that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year and which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group or of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

## **OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)**

No contingent liability or other liability of any company in the Group has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial performance of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2015 have not been substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature nor has any such item, transaction or event occurred in the interval between the end of that financial year and the date of this report.

## **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Messrs KPMG, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Chia Song Kun

Chia Mak Hooi

Shah Alam,

Date: 9 July 2015



## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March 2015

		Gr	oup	Com	npany
	Note	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	3	1,239,388	1,043,158	322	436
Investment properties	4	29,151	33,641	-	
Prepaid lease payments	5	57,508	58,694	-	
Intangible assets	6	6,266	6,906	-	
Biological assets	7	117,014	111,844	-	
Investment in subsidiaries	8	-	-	665,456	655,456
Investment in associates	9	94,661	101,354	-	25,223
Other investments	10	61,560	-	61,560	
Deferred tax assets	11	1,082	1,123	-	
Other receivables	12	5,190	3,966	360,466	128,970
Total non-current assets		1,611,820	1,360,686	1,087,804	810,085
Biological assets	7	88,899	80,562	-	
Inventories	13	334,608	228,997	-	
Current tax assets		5,223	6,027	-	1,494
Trade and other receivables	12	306,848	272,434	61,108	175,072
Prepayments and other assets	14	32,447	37,593	1,803	427
Derivative financial assets	15	4,690	2,169	4,682	1,907
Cash and cash equivalents	16	200,733	253,157	23,897	81,804
Total current assets		973,448	880,939	91,490	260,704
Total assets		2,585,268	2,241,625	1,179,294	1,070,789

		Gi	roup	Com	pany
	Note	2015	2014	2015	2014
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Equity					
Share capital		312,007	312,007	312,007	312,007
Share premium		308,018	308,018	308,018	308,018
Reserves		806,558	665,743	164,779	111,186
Equity attributable to					
owners of the Company		1,426,583	1,285,768	784,804	731,211
Non-controlling interests		72,867	59,947	-	
Total equity	17	1,499,450	1,345,715	784,804	731,211
Liabilities					
Loans and borrowings	18	326,028	268,213	301,315	243,761
Employee benefits	19	1,666	1,151	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	11	72,058	65,695	-	-
Total non-current liabilities		399,752	335,059	301,315	243,761
Loans and borrowings	18	430,963	386,063	83,457	84,708
Trade and other payables	20	238,302	168,009	8,956	11,109
Derivative financial liabilities	15	3,149	3	-	-
Current tax liabilities		13,652	6,776	762	-
Total current liabilities		686,066	560,851	93,175	95,817
Total liabilities		1,085,818	895,910	394,490	339,578
Total equity and liabilities		2,585,268	2,241,625	1,179,294	1,070,789

The notes on pages 64 to 144 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Group Company Note 2015 2014 2015 2014 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 Revenue - sale of goods 2,706,912 2,457,186 - dividend income 855 68,725 154,870 - management fee 38 - administrative charges 723 2,707,767 2,457,186 68,725 155,631 Cost of sales (2,240,284) (2,052,930) \_ **Gross profit** 467,483 404,256 68,725 155,631 Administration expenses (154,642) (137,246) (4,217) (1,658) Distribution costs (60,850) (48,310) (27,642) (19,359) Other expenses Other income 28,058 22,396 32,991 129 **Results from operating activities** 21 252,407 221,737 97,499 154,102 Finance costs 22 (35,568) (35,119) (19,438) (22,035) Finance income 23 5,864 2,524 19,571 11,349 Share of profits of equityaccounted associates, net of tax 23,272 14,625 **Profit before tax** 245,975 203,767 97,632 143,416 Tax expense 24 (50,035) (37,013) (1,317) (237) Profit for the year 195,940 166,754 96,315 143,179

		G	roup	Com	ipany
	Note	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Other comprehensive (expenses)/ income. net of tax					
Items that are or may be reclassified					
subsequently to profit or loss					
Foreign currency					
translation differences for foreign operations		(3,183)	(32,057)	-	-
Fair value of available-for-sale financial assets		1,584	-	1,584	-
Cash flow hedge		(2,977)	387	(625)	261
Total other comprehensive					
(expenses)/ income for the year, net of tax		(4,576)	(31,670)	959	261
Total comprehensive					
income for the year		191,364	135,084	97,274	143,440
Profit attributable to:		191,001	100,001	37,271	10,110
Owners of the Company		191,400	159,929	96,315	143,179
Non-controlling interests		4,540	6,825	-	-
Profit for the year		195,940	166,754	96,315	143,179
Total comprehensive					
income/(expenses) attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		185,316	135,152	97,274	143,440
Non-controlling interests		6,048	(68)	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		191,364	135,084	97,274	143,440
Basic/Diluted earnings per ordinary share (see	<b>n)</b> 25	15	14		

The notes on pages 64 to 144 are an integral part of these financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 March 2015

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				Non-distributable	ble —		<ul> <li>Distributable</li> </ul>			
Group	Note	Share capital RM'000	Share premium RM'000	Translation reserves RM'000	Fair value reserves RM'000	Hedging reserves RM'000	Retained earnings RM'000	Total RM'000	Non- controlling interests RM'000	Total equity RM'000
At 1 April 2013		208,005	113,599	(32,279)	1	(4)	601,460	890,781	68,857	959,638
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations Cash flow hedge		1 1	1 1	(25,163)	1 1	- 386	1 1	(25,163) 386	(6,894) 1	(32,057) 387
Total other comprehensive (expenses)/ income for the year Profit for the year		1 1		(25,163)	1 1	386 -	- 159,929	(24,777) 159,929	(6,893) 6,825	(31,670) 166,754
for the year		'	1	(25,163)	'	386	159,929	135,152	(68)	135,084
of the Company										
- Issuance of shares - Bonus issue	17.1	62,401	(62,401)	1	I	1	1	1	1	I
- Rights issue	17.1	41,601	257,926	I	1	1	1	299,527	,	299,527
- Expenses for issuance of equity securities		I	(1, 106)	1	1	I	1	(1, 106)	1	(1,106)
- Dividend to owners of the Company	26	1	1	1	I	I	(37,441)	(37,441)	I	(37,441)
- Dividends to non-controlling interests		1		1	I	I			(9,211)	(9,211)
- Change in ownership interests in subsidiaries	10	1	1	1	I	I	(1, 145)	(1, 145)	(3,855)	(5,000)
- Contribution from non-controlling interests		T	T	1	T	T	T	T	4,224	4,224
Total transactions with owners of the Company	У	104,002	194,419		1	,	(38,586)	259,835	(8,842)	250,993
At 31 March / 1 April 2014		312,007	308,018	(57,442)	I	382	722,803	1,285,768	59,947	1,345,715
		Note 17.1	Note 17.2	Note 17.3	Note 17.4	Note 17.5				

Attributable to owners of the Company

		Ļ		Attributable	Attributable to owners of the Company	the Company		1		
		ļ		Non-distributable	able ——		<ul> <li>Distributable</li> </ul>			
		Share	Share	Translation	Fair value	Hedging	Retained		Non- controlling	Total
Group	Note	capital RM'000	premium RM'000	reserves RM'000	reserves RM'000	reserves RM'000	earnungs RM'000	Total RM'000	interests RM'000	equity RM'000
At 31 March/1 April 2014		312,007	308,018	(57,442)	I	382	722,803	1,285,768	59,947	1,345,715
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		1	I	(4,683)	1	I	1	(4,683)	1,500	(3,183)
Fair value of available-for-sale financial assets		I	1	1	1,584	T	1	1,584	1	1,584
Cash flow hedge		1	1		1	(2,985)	1	(2,985)	8	(2,977)
Total other comprehensive (expenses)/ income for the year		1		(4,683)	1,584	(2,985)	I	(6,084)	1,508	(4,576)
Profit for the year		I	I	I	I	,	191,400	191,400	4,540	195,940
Total comprehensive (expenses)/income for the year		1		(4,683)	1,584	(2,985)	191,400	185,316	6,048	191,364
Contributions by and distributions to owners										
- Dividend to owners of the Company	26	1	1		1	1	(43,681)	(43,681)		(43,681)
- Dividends to non-controlling interests		T	1	1			1	1	(4,036)	(4,036)
- Change in ownership interests in subsidiaries	S	1	1	1	1		(820)	(820)	(808)	(1,629)
- Acquisition via business combination	34	I	1	T	1	1	1	I.	11,717	11,717
Total transactions with owners of the Company	Ń	I	I.	1	I.	T	(44,501)	(44,501)	6,872	(37,629)
At 31 March 2015		312,007	308,018	(62,125)	1,584	(2,603)	869,702	1,426,583	72,867	1,499,450
		Note 17.1	Note 17.2	Note 17.3	Note 17.4	Note 17.5				

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 31 March 2015

		Ļ		Attributable to owners of the Company	uners of the Comp	any ———	Î
			Non-di	Non-distributable ——		Distributable	
		Share capital	Share premium	Fair value reserves	Hedging reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity
Company	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 April 2013		208,005	113,599	1	65	5,122	326,791
Cash flow hedge		T	T	T	261		261
Total other comprehensive income for the year		T			261		261
Profit for the year		1	1	1	1	143,179	143,179
Total comprehensive income for the year		1	1		261	143,179	143,440
Contributions by and distributions to owners							
of the Company							
- Issuance of shares							
- Bonus issue	17.1	62,401	(62,401)		1		I
- Rights issue	17.1	41,601	257,926	ı	1		299,527
- Expenses for issuance of equity securities		I	(1, 106)	ı	1	1	(1, 106)
- Dividend to owners of the Company	26	I.	I.	ı.		(37,441)	(37,441)
Total transactions with owners of the Company		104,002	194,419	,	I	(37,441)	260,980
At 31 March/1 April 2014		312,007	308,018	I	326	110,860	731,211
		Note 17.1	Note 17.2	Note 17.4	Note 17.5	Note 17.6	

		<b>V</b>		Attributable to owners of the Company	mers of the Com	pany	Î
		<b>I</b>	Non-di	Non-distributable ——	Î	Distributable	
		Share capital	Share premium	Fair value reserves	Hedging reserves	Retained earnings	Total equity
Company	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At 31 March/1 April 2014		312,007	308,018	I	326	110,860	731,211
Fair value of available-for-sale financial assets		1		1,584			1,584
Cash flow hedge		I	1		(625)		(625)
Total other comprehensive income for the year		T	1	1,584	(625)		959
Profit for the year		I	I	T	I	96,315	96,315
Total comprehensive income for the year		I	T	1,584	(625)	96,315	97,274
Contributions by and distributions to owners							
of the Company							
- Dividend to owners of the Company	26	I.	I		I	(43,681)	(43,681)
Total transactions with owners of the Company		I.	I.	I	I.	(43,681)	(43,681)
At 31 March 2015		312,007	308,018	1,584	(299)	163,494	784,804
		Note 17.1	Note 17.2	Note 17.4	Note 17.5	Note 17.6	

The notes on pages 64 to 144 are an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 31 March 2015

		G	roup	Con	npany
	Note	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit before tax		245,975	203,767	97,632	143,416
Adjustments for:					
Amortisation of investment properties		634	613	-	
Amortisation of intangible assets		239	183	-	
Amortisation of prepaid lease payments		1,232	1,166	-	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		86,436	76,256	114	136
Derivative loss		2,091	(359)	-	
Dividends from subsidiaries		-	-	(67,268)	(154,870
Dividends from liquid investments		(855)	(280)	(595)	(112
Dividends from associate		-	-	(862)	
Finance costs		35,568	35,119	19,438	22,035
Finance income		(5,864)	(2,524)	(19,571)	(11,349)
Gain on disposal of assets held for sale		-	(4,396)	-	
Gain on deemed disposal of investment in associate		(8,347)	-	(12,215)	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(2,104)	(72)	-	(17)
Gain on disposal of investment properties		-	(8,290)	-	
Gain on foreign exchange – unrealised		(1,778)	(68)	(20,578)	(2,353)
Intangible assets written off		374	-	-	
Property, plant and equipment written off		2,666	1,486	-	
Share of associates' profit		(23,272)	(14,625)	-	
perating profit/(loss) before changes					
in working capital		332,995	287,976	(3,905)	(3,114)

		G	roup	Com	pany
	Note	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Changes in working capital:					
Biological assets		(5,170)	(5,245)	-	-
Inventories		(71,630)	(7,734)	-	-
Trade and other receivables					
and other financial assets		(30,508)	(11,748)	(4,675)	(1,607)
Employee benefits		515	382	-	-
Trade and other payables,					
including derivatives		21,809	15,375	(2,153)	(3,835)
Bills payable		17,642	33,237	-	-
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		265,653	312,243	(10,733)	(8,556)
Dividends from liquid investments		855	280	595	112
Income taxes (paid)/refunded		(36,889)	(29,980)	939	(1,047)
Interest paid		(10,373)	(10,921)	-	-
Interest received		5,864	2,524	19,571	11,349
Net cash generated from operating activities		225,110	274,146	10,372	1,858
Cash flows from investing activities					
Acquisition of subsidiaries,					
net of cash acquired	34	(9,046)	(9,381)	-	-
Acquisition of investment properties		(350)	(689)	-	-
Acquisition of prepaid lease payments		-	(969)	-	-
Acquisition of property, plant					
and equipment	(iii)	(261,943)	(188,259)	-	(377)
Proceeds from disposal of assets held for sale		-	11,431	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant					
and equipment		17,241	1,165	-	402
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties		-	18,962	-	-
Dividends received from subsidiaries		-	-	67,268	154,870
Dividends received from associates		4,817	2,647	862	-

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31 March 2015 (Continued)

		Gr	oup	Con	npany
	Note	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Cash flows from investing activities (continued)					
Increase in investment in associates		(28,148)	(14,812)	(22,538)	(1,791)
Increase in investment in subsidiary	<i>(ii)</i>	-	-	-	(1,499)
Net cash (used in)/generated from					
investing activities		(277,429)	(179,905)	45,592	151,605
Cash flows from financing activities					
Advances to subsidiaries		-	-	(107,055)	(108,324)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		(2,633)	(5,000)	-	-
Contribution from non-controlling interests		1,004	4,224	-	-
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(4,036)	(9,211)	-	-
Dividends paid to owners of the Company		(43,681)	(37,441)	(43,681)	(37,441)
Interest paid		(25,195)	(24,198)	(19,438)	(22,035)
Repayment of finance lease liabilities		(934)	(209)	-	-
Proceeds from/(Repayment of) loans					
and other borrowings		70,309	(217,514)	56,303	(206,848)
Proceeds from issuance of shares		-	299,527	-	299,527
Share issue expenses		-	(1,106)	-	(1,106)
Net cash (used in)/ generated from					
financing activities		(5,166)	9,072	(113,871)	(76,227)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(57,485)	103,313	(57,907)	77,236
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		232,676	129,363	81,804	4,568
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	<i>(i)</i>	175,191	232,676	23,897	81,804

## NOTES TO THE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## i) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statements of cash flows comprise the following statements of financial position amounts:

	Note	Group		Company	
		2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Cash and bank balances		183,189	167,781	23,226	21,072
Deposits placed with licensed banks		7,136	25,100	580	580
Liquid investments		10,408	60,276	91	60,152
	16	200,733	253,157	23,897	81,804
Bank overdrafts	18	(25,542)	(20,481)	-	-
		175,191	232,676	23,897	81,804

## ii) Non-cash transactions

During the financial year, the Company increased its investments in subsidiaries by RM10,000,000 (2014: RM236,939,000) via capitalisation of debts (2014: RM235,440,000).

## iii) Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

During the financial year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of RM263,096,000 (2014: RM189,309,000), of which RM1,153,000 (2014: RM1,050,000) were acquired by means of finance leases.

The notes on pages 64 to 144 are an integral part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

QL Resources Berhad is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is as follows:

## **Registered office/Principal place of business**

No. 16A, Jalan Astaka U8/83 Bukit Jelutong 40150 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan

The consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 March 2015 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually referred to as "Group entities") and the Group's interest in associates. The financial statements of the Company as at and for the financial year ended 31 March 2015 do not include other entities.

The Company is principally engaged in investment holding, whilst the principal activities of the subsidiaries are as stated in Note 33 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 9 July 2015.

## **1. BASIS OF PREPARATION**

## (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Group and the Company have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The following are accounting standards, interpretations and amendments that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but have not been adopted by the Group and the Company:

## FRSs, Interpretations and Amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014

- Amendments to FRS 1, First-time Adoption of Financial Reporting Standards (Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 2, Share-based Payment (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 3, Business Combinations (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 8, Operating Segments (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 13, Fair Value Measurement (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 116, Property, Plant and Equipment (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 119, Employee Benefits Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions
- Amendments to FRS 124, Related Party Disclosures (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 138, Intangible Assets (Annual Improvements 2010-2012 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 140, Investment Property (Annual Improvements 2011-2013 Cycle)

## FRSs, Interpretations and Amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016

- Amendments to FRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations (Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures (Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle)

## **1. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)**

#### (a) Statement of compliance (continued)

# FRSs, Interpretations and Amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016 (continued)

- Amendments to FRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements and Amendments to FRS 128, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
- Amendments to FRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, Amendments to FRS 12, Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities and Amendments to FRS 128, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception
- Amendments to FRS 11, Joint Arrangements Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations
- FRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts
- Amendments to FRS 101, Presentation of Financial Statements Disclosure Initiative
- Amendments to FRS 116, Property, Plant and Equipment and Amendments to FRS 138, Intangible Assets Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation
- Amendments to FRS 119, Employee Benefits (Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle)
- Amendments to FRS 127, Separate Financial Statements Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements
- Amendments to FRS 134, Interim Financial Reporting (Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle)

## FRSs, Interpretations and Amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018

• FRS 9, Financial Instruments (2014)

The Group and the Company plans to apply the abovementioned accounting standards, interpretations and amendments:

- (i) from the annual period beginning on 1 April 2015 for those accounting standards, interpretations and amendments that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014, except for Amendments to FRS 1 and Amendments to FRS 2 which are not applicable to the Group and the Company.
- (ii) from the annual period beginning on 1 April 2016 for those accounting standards, interpretations and amendments that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2016, except for FRS 14 and Amendments to FRS 11, which are not applicable to the Group and the Company.

The initial application of the accounting standards, interpretations and amendments are not expected to have any material financial impacts to the current period and prior period financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

The Group and the Company fall within the scope MFRS 141, *Agriculture*. Therefore, the Group and the Company are currently exempted from adopting the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and are referred to as "Transitioning Entity".

Being Transitioning Entity, the Group and the Company will adopt the MFRS issued by MASB and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and present its first set of MFRS financial statements for annual period beginning on 1 April 2017. As a result, the Group and the Company will not be adopting the above FRSs, interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis other than as disclosed in Note 2.

## **1. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)**

#### (c) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information is presented in RM and has been rounded to the nearest thousand, unless otherwise stated.

#### (d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with FRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

There are no significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than those disclosed in the following notes:

- Note 3 measurement of the residual value and useful lives
- Note 6 measurement of the recoverable amounts of cash-generating units
- Note 7 valuation of biological assets
- Note 12 valuation of receivables
- Note 13 valuation of inventories
- Note 19 employee benefits

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to the periods presented in these financial statements, and have been applied consistently by the Group entities, unless otherwise stated.

#### (a) Basis of consolidation

#### (i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including structured entities, controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has *de facto* power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Investments in subsidiaries are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investments includes transaction costs.

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

#### (ii) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date, which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

#### Acquisitions on or after 1 April 2011

For acquisitions on or after 1 April 2011, the Group measures the costs of goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred; plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree; plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree; less
- the net recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether it measures the non-controlling interests in the acquiree either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

#### Acquisitions between 1 April 2006 and 1 April 2011

For acquisitions between 1 April 2006 and 1 April 2011, goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the recognised amount (generally fair value) of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. When the excess was negative, a bargain purchase gain was recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurred in connection with business combinations were capitalised as part of the cost of the acquisition.

#### Acquisitions prior to 1 April 2006

For acquisitions prior to 1 April 2006, goodwill represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair values of the net identifiable assets and liabilities.

#### (iii) Acquisitions of non-controlling interests

The Group accounts for all changes in its ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control as equity transactions between the Group and its non-controlling interest holders. Any difference between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any consideration received or paid, is adjusted to or against Group reserves.

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

#### (iv) Loss of control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the former subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the former subsidiary from the consolidated statement of financial position. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the former subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

#### (v) Associates

Associates are entities, including unincorporated entities, in which the Group has significant influence, but not control, over the financial and operating policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method less any impairment losses, unless it is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of the investment includes transaction costs. The consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associates, after adjustments if any, to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in an associate, the carrying amount of that interest including any long-term investments is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, any retained interest in the former associate at the date when significant influence is lost is measured at fair value and this amount is regarded as the initial carrying amount of a financial asset. The difference between the fair value of any retained interest plus proceeds from the interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the investment at the date when equity method is discontinued is recognised in the profit or loss.

When the Group's interest in an associate decreases but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not remeasured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to the profit or loss if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

Investments in associates are measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investment includes transaction costs.

#### (vi) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period, being the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the equity holders of the Company, are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group is

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

#### (vi) Non-controlling interests (continued)

presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the profit or loss and the comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and owners of the Company.

Losses applicable to the non-controlling interests in a subsidiary are allocated to the non-controlling interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

#### (vii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted associates are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

### (b) Foreign currency

#### (i) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the respective functional currencies of Group entities at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are not retranslated at the end of the reporting period, except for those that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Foreign currency differences arising on retranslation are recognised in profit or loss, except for differences arising on the retranslation of available-for-sale equity instruments or a financial instrument designated as a hedge of currency risk, which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented in the FCTR in equity.

#### (ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia ("RM")

The assets and liabilities of operations denominated in functional currencies other than RM, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated to RM at exchange rates at the end of the reporting period, except for goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from business combinations before 1 April 2006 which are reported using the exchange rates at the dates of the acquisitions. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to RM at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

#### (b) Foreign currency (continued)

#### (ii) Operations denominated in functional currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia ("RM")(continued)

Foreign currency differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve ("FCTR") in equity. However, if the operation is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportionate share of the translation difference is allocated to the non-controlling interests. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the FCTR related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

#### (c) Financial instruments

#### (i) Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group or the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial instrument is recognised initially, at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial instrument not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument.

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative if, and only if, it is not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the host contract is not categorised at fair value through profit or loss. The host contract, in the event an embedded derivative is recognised separately, is accounted for in accordance with policy applicable to the nature of the host contract.

#### (ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement

The Group and the Company categorise financial instruments as follows:

## **Financial assets**

#### (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial assets that are held for trading, including derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial assets that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of unquoted equity instruments whose fair values cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

#### (c) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Financial instrument categories and subsequent measurement (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

#### (b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables category comprises debt instruments that are not quoted in an active market.

Financial assets categorised as loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### (c) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale category comprises investment in equity and debt securities instruments that are not held for trading.

Investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost. Other financial assets categorised as available-for-sale are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from monetary items and gains and losses of hedged items attributable to hedge risks of fair value hedges which are recognised in profit or loss. On derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity into profit or loss. Interest calculated for a debt instrument using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss, are subject to review for impairment (see Note 2(k)(i)).

#### **Financial liabilities**

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost other than those categorised as fair value through profit or loss.

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument) or financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

Derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of equity instruments that do not have a quoted price in an active market for identical instruments whose fair values otherwise cannot be reliably measured are measured at cost.

Other financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair values with the gain or loss recognised in profit or loss.

#### (iii) Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

### (c) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (iii) Financial guarantee contracts (continued)

Fair value arising from financial guarantee contracts are classified as deferred income and is amortised to profit or loss using a straight-line method over the contractual period or, when there is no specified contractual period, recognised in profit or loss upon discharge of the guarantee. When settlement of a financial guarantee contract becomes probable, an estimate of the obligation is made. If the carrying value of the financial guarantee contract is lower than the obligation, the carrying value is adjusted to the obligation amount and accounted for as a provision.

#### (iv) Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets

A regular way purchase or sale is a purchase or sale of a financial asset under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the marketplace concerned.

A regular way purchase or sale of financial assets is recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting. Trade date accounting refers to:

- (a) the recognition of an asset to be received and the liability to pay for it on the trade date; and
- (b) derecognition of an asset that is sold, recognition of any gain or loss on disposal and the recognition of a receivable from the buyer for payment on the trade date.

#### (v) Hedge accounting

#### Fair value hedge

A fair value hedge is a hedge of the exposure to changes in fair value of a recognised asset or liability or an unrecognised firm commitment, or an identified portion of such an asset, liability or firm commitment, that is attributable to a particular risk and could affect the profit or loss.

In a fair value hedge, the gain or loss from remeasuring the hedging instrument at fair value or the foreign currency component of its carrying amount translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period is recognised in profit or loss. The gain or loss on the hedged item, except for hedge item categorised as available-for-sale, attributable to the hedged risk is adjusted to the carrying amount of the hedged item and recognised in profit or loss. For a hedge item categorised as available-for-sale, the fair value gain or loss attributable to the hedger risk is recognised in profit or loss.

Fair value hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge is no longer highly effective or the hedge designation is revoked.

#### Cash flow hedge

A cash flow hedge is a hedge of the exposure to variability in cash flows that is attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction and could affect the profit or loss. In a cash flow hedge, the portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument that is determined to be an effective hedge is recognised in other comprehensive income and the ineffective portion is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequently, the cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity into profit or loss in the same period or periods during which the hedged forecast cash flows affect profit or loss. If the hedge item is a non-financial asset or liability, the associated gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income is removed from equity and included in the initial amount of the asset or liability. However, loss recognised in other comprehensive income that will not be recovered in one or more future periods is reclassified from equity into profit or loss.

#### (c) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (v) Hedge accounting (continued)

#### Cash flow hedge (continued)

Cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued prospectively when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised, the hedge is no longer highly effective, the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur or the hedge designation is revoked. If the hedge is for a forecast transaction, the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument remains in equity until the forecast transaction occurs. When the forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, any related cumulative gain or loss recognised in other comprehensive income on the hedging instrument is reclassified from equity into profit or loss.

#### (vi) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or the control of the financial asset is not retained or substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment

#### (i) Recognition and measurement

Freehold land and capital work-in-progress are measured at cost less any impairment losses. All other items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use, and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located. The cost of self-constructed assets also includes the cost of materials and direct labour. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and is recognised net within "other income" or "other expenses" respectively in profit or loss.

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

#### (ii) Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing a component of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the component will flow to the Group or the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced component is derecognised to profit or loss. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

#### (iii) Depreciation

Depreciation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Significant components of individual assets are assessed, and if a component has a useful life that is different from the remainder of that asset, then that component is depreciated separately.

Depreciation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment from the date they are available for use. Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group or the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Freehold land is not depreciated. Property, plant and equipment under construction are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Long term leasehold land	49 – 912 years
Buildings and improvements	4 - 50 years
Farm buildings	10 - 50 years
Fishing boat and equipment	5 - 20 years
Furniture, fittings and equipment	4 - 12.5 years
Plant and machinery	4 - 15 years
Office improvements and renovation	5 - 10 years
Motor vehicles	5 - 10 years

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at end of the reporting period, and adjusted as appropriate.

#### (e) Leased assets

#### (i) Finance lease

Leases in terms of which the Group or the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance expense is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent lease payments are accounted for by revising the minimum lease payments over the remaining term of the lease when the lease adjustment is confirmed.

#### (e) Leased assets (continued)

#### (i) Finance lease (continued)

Leasehold land which in substance is a finance lease is classified as property, plant and equipment, or as investment property if held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both.

#### (ii) Operating lease

Leases, where the Group does not assume substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases and, except for property interest held under operating lease, the leased assets are not recognised on the statement of financial position.

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

In respect of a subsidiary in Indonesia, prepaid lease payments include land use rights which represent location permit, plantation license and cultivation rights title over the plantation land. The land use rights are amortised using straight-line method over the legal terms of the related land use rights.

Leasehold land which in substance is an operating lease is classified as prepaid lease payments.

### (f) Intangible assets

### (i) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business combinations is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. In respect of equity-accounted associates, the carrying amount of goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and an impairment loss on such an investment is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the equity-accounted associates.

#### (ii) Research and development

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby the application of research findings are applied to a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalised only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable and the Group intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset.

The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of materials, direct labour and overheads costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs. Other development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capitalised development expenditure is measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

#### (f) Intangible assets (continued)

#### (iii) Other intangible assets

Intangible assets, other than goodwill, that are acquired by the Group, which have finite useful lives, are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

## (iv) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

#### (v) Amortisation

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortised but are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

Other intangible assets are amortised from the date they are available for use. Amortisation is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value. Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Capitalised development costs	10 years
Patents and trademarks	15 years

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted, if appropriate.

#### (g) Investment properties

#### (i) Investment properties carried at cost

Investment properties are properties which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use. Properties that are occupied by the companies in the Group are accounted for as owner-occupied rather than as investment properties.

Investment properties are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses, consistent with the accounting policy for property, plant and equipment as stated in Note 2(d).

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

An investment property is derecognised on its disposal, or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the item is derecognised.

#### (g) Investment properties (continued)

#### (ii) Reclassification to/from investment properties

When an item of property, plant and equipment is transferred to investment property following a change in its use, the transfer does not change the cost and the carrying amount of that property transferred.

#### (h) Biological assets

#### (i) Plantation development expenditure

New planting which include land clearing, planting, field upkeep and maintenance of oil palm plantings to maturity are capitalised as plantation development expenditure. Oil palm plantings are considered mature 30 months after the date of planting. Expenditures incurred after maturity of crops are charged to the profit or loss. Estate overhead expenditure is apportioned to revenue and plantation development expenditure on the basis of the proportion of mature and immature areas.

Net income from scout harvesting prior to maturity is offset against plantation development expenditure.

Replanting expenditure is written off during the year in which it is incurred.

#### (ii) Livestock

#### Layer farms

Pullets and layers are measured at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value. Cost includes cost of the pullet plus all attributable costs including relevant overheads in nursing the pullet to the point of lay. Thereafter the cost is amortised over its estimated economic life of the layers of approximately 60 weeks.

Net realisable value is defined as the aggregate income expected to be generated from total eggs to be produced per layer and sales proceeds from the disposal of the ex-layer less related expenses expected to be incurred to maintain the layer.

#### Breeder farms

Breeders and hatching eggs are measured at the lower of cost less amortisation and net realisable value. Cost of breeders includes cost of parent stock plus all attributable cost including relevant overheads in breeding the parent stock and is amortised over its estimated economic useful life of approximately 40 weeks. Cost of hatching eggs includes cost of raw materials, direct labour and all other attributable cost including relevant overheads.

Net realisable value is defined as the aggregate income expected to be generated from the sales of dayold-chicks produced and sales proceeds from the disposal of the ex-layer less related expenses expected to be incurred to maintain the layer.

## **Broiler farms**

Broilers are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of broilers includes costs of chicks plus all attributable costs in breeding the chicks to saleable condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (i) Inventories

Inventories comprise raw materials, manufactured inventories and trading inventories which are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is measured based on first-in-first-out principle.

The cost of raw materials and trading inventories comprises the original purchase price plus incidentals in bringing these inventories to their present location and condition. For manufactured inventories, cost consists of raw materials, direct labour, an appropriate portion of fixed and variable production overheads based on normal operating capacity and other incidental costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The fair value of inventories acquired in a business combination is determined based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and sale, and a reasonable profit margin based on the effort required to complete and sell the inventories.

#### (j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, balances and deposits with banks and highly liquid investments which have an insignificant risk of changes in fair value with original maturities of three months or less, and are used by the Company in the management for their short-term commitments. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and pledged deposits.

Cash and cash equivalents (other than bank overdrafts) are categorised and measured as loans and receivables in accordance with Note 2(c).

#### (k) Impairment

### (i) Financial assets

All financial assets (except for financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss, investment in subsidiaries and investment in associates) are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events having an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised. For an investment in an equity instrument, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost is an objective evidence of impairment. If any such objective evidence exists, then the impairment loss of the financial asset is estimated.

An impairment loss in respect of loans and receivables is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

An impairment loss in respect of available-for-sale financial assets is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and the asset's current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised. Where a decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset has been recognised in other comprehensive income, the cumulative loss in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss for an investment in an equity instrument classified as available for sale is not reversed through profit or loss.

#### (k) Impairment (continued)

#### (i) Financial assets (continued)

If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in profit or loss, the impairment loss is reversed, to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not been recognised at the date the impairment is reversed. The amount of the reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (ii) Other assets

The carrying amounts of other assets (except for inventories, deferred tax asset and non-current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale) are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives or that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each period at the same time.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or cash-generating units. Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purpose of goodwill impairment testing, cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment testing is performed reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its related cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cashgenerating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cashgenerating unit (group of cash-generating units) and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit (groups of cash-generating units) on a *pro rata* basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the financial year in which the reversals are recognised.

## (l) Equity instruments

Instruments classified as equity are measured at cost on initial recognition and are not remeasured subsequently.

## (i) Issue expenses

Costs directly attributable to the issue of instruments classified as equity are recognised as a deduction from equity.

## (ii) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

## (iii) Repurchase, disposal and reissue of share capital (treasury shares)

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, including directly attributable costs, net of any tax effects, is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares that are not subsequently cancelled are classified as treasury shares in the statement of changes in equity.

When treasury shares are sold or reissued subsequently, the difference between the sales consideration net of directly attributable costs and the carrying amount of the treasury shares is recognised in equity, and the resulting surplus or deficit on the transaction is presented in share premium.

## (m) Employee benefits

## (i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations in respect of salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave and sick leave are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus if the Group and the Company have a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

## (ii) State plans

The Group's contributions to statutory pension funds are charged to profit or loss in the financial year to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further payment obligations.

## (iii) Defined benefit plans

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit retirement plans arises from its subsidiaries in Indonesia for long-term and post-employment benefits, such as pension, severance pay, service pay and other benefits.

The obligation for post-employment benefits recognised in the statement of financial position is calculated at present value of estimated future benefits that the employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior years, deducted by any plan assets. The calculation is performed by an independent actuary using the Projected-Unit-Credit method.

#### (m) Employee benefits (continued)

#### (iii) Defined benefit plans (continued)

When the benefits of a plan are changed, the portion of the increased or decreased benefits relating to past services by employees is recognised in profit or loss on the straight-line method over the average remaining service period until the benefits become vested. To the extent that the benefits vest immediately, the expense is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Actuarial gains or losses are recognised as income or expense when the net cumulative unrecognised actuarial gains or losses at the end of the previous reporting year exceeded 10% of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at that date. These gains or losses are recognised on the straight-line method over the average remaining working lives of the employees. Otherwise, the actuarial gains or losses are not recognised.

### (n) **Provisions**

A provision is recognised if, as a result of a past event, the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as finance cost.

#### (o) Revenue and other income

#### (i) Goods sold

Revenue from the sale of goods in the course of ordinary activities is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue is recognised when persuasive evidence exists, usually in the form of an executed sales agreement, that the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. If it is probable that discounts will be granted and the amount can be measured reliably, then the discount is recognised as a reduction of revenue as the sales are recognised.

## (ii) Management fee and administrative charges

Management fee and administrative charges are recognised on an accrual basis.

#### (iii) Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

#### (iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss on the date that the Group's or the Company's right to receive payment is established, which in the case of quoted securities is the ex-dividend date.

#### (o) Revenue and other income (continued)

#### (v) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method in profit or loss except for interest income arising from temporary investment of borrowings taken specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset which is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

## (p) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

#### (q) Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous financial years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of goodwill, and the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (q) Income tax (continued)

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Unutilised reinvestment allowance and investment tax allowance, are treated as tax base of an asset and are recognised as a reduction of tax expense as and when utilised.

#### (r) Earnings per ordinary share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("EPS").

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### (s) Operating segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Managing Director of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

## (t) Contingencies

#### (i) Contingent liabilities

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Where the Company enters into financial guarantee contracts to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within its group, the Company considers these to be insurance arrangements, and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Company treats the guarantee contract as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

## (ii) Contingent assets

When an inflow of economic benefit of an asset is probable where it arises from past events and where existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity, the asset is not recognised in the statements of financial position but is being disclosed as a contingent asset. When the inflow of economic benefit is virtually certain, then the related asset is recognised.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (u) Fair value measurements

Fair value of an asset or a liability, except for share-based payment and lease transactions, is determined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market.

For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair value are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the input used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfers.

# 3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Group	Freehold land RM'000	Long term leasehold land RM'000	Buildings and improvements RM'000	Farm buildings RM'000	Fishing boat and equipment RM'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	Plant and machinery RM'000	Office improvements and renovation RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work-in- progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost											
At 1 April 2013	63,695	66,251	169,698	176,742	40,796	57,625	565,667	1,238	66,577	98,650	1,306,939
Additions	10,914	691	15,629	15,320	934	5,732	47,018	127	10,028	82,916	189,309
Disposals	1	(06)	1	1	1	(876)	(483)	1	(1, 200)	1	(2,649)
Written off	1	1	I	(716)	1	(121)	(3,990)	1	(150)	(91)	(5,068)
Transfer in/(out)	4,958	(784)	5,098	27,393	5,547	2,405	19,265	I	1,076	(64,958)	1
Transfer to											
investment properties	(14, 771)	1	1	1	1	I	1	I	1	1	(14,771)
Transfer to											
prepaid lease payments	1	(3,192)	1	1	I	ı.	1	1	I	1	(3,192)
subsidiary	T	T	3,340	1	1	490	2,713	,	406	T	6,949
Effect of movements											
in exchange rates	(756)	1	(2,013)	(1,494)	1	(402)	(9,593)	(12)	(533)	(2,018)	(16,821)
At 31 March/1 April 2014	64,040	62,876	191,752	217,245	47,277	64,853	620,597	1,353	76,204	114,499	1,460,696

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

Group	Freehold land RM'000	Long term leasehold land i RM'000	Buildings and improvements RM'000	Farm buildings RM'000	Fishing boat and equipment RM'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	i Plant and machinery RM'000	Office improvements and renovation RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work-in- progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost											
At 31 March/1 April 2014	64,040	62,876	191,752	217,245	47,277	64,853	620,597	1,353	76,204	114,499	1,460,696
Additions	23,617	T	22,583	11,022	5,207	9,368	46,997	831	10,159	133,312	263,096
Disposals	(48)	(9,351)	(4,770)	1	1	(957)	(1,918)	I	(1, 150)	(1, 731)	(19,925)
Written off	1	1	I	(4,491)	(466)	(1,248)	(2,227)	(75)	(386)	1	(8,893)
Transfer in/(out)	1	1	18,704	28,745	4,688	8,515	32,783	10	481	(93,926)	1
Transfer from											
investment properties Acquisition of	4,206	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4,206
subsidiary	12,269	2,727	2,657	I.	T	363	12,257	300	1,444	530	32,547
Effect of movements											
in exchange rates	(504)	231	(16)	4,522	1	(77)	(1,970)	56	86	287	2,615
At 31 March 2015	103,580	56,483	230,910	257,043	56,706	80,817	706,519	2,475	86,838	152,971	1,734,342

		ond term	Buildings		Fishing	Eurniture	.=	Office		Canital	
	Freehold land	leasehold land	and improvements	Farm buildings	boat and equipment	fittings and equipment		and renovation	Motor vehicles	work-in- progress	Total
Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Depreciation											
At 1 April 2013	1	6,343	27,884	48,136	11,492	24,122	192,234	504	35,522	I	346,237
Depreciation for the year	1	688	5,825	10,556	2,502	5,246	44,035	121	8,438	I	77,411
Disposals	1	(39)	T	1	1	(395)	(252)	1	(870)	1	(1, 556)
Written off	1	1	T	(667)	1	(44)	(2,770)	1	(101)	1	(3,582)
Transfer from											
prepaid lease payments	1	59	T	1	1	1	T	1	1	I	59
Acquisition of subsidiary	1	1	415			241	1,140	1	198	i.	1,994
Effect of movements											
in exchange rates	I	I	(261)	(547)	T	(78)	(2,020)	(4)	(115)	I.	(3,025)
At 31 March/1 April 2014	T	7,051	33,863	57,478	13,994	29,092	232,367	621	43,072	ı.	417,538

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

Group	Freehold Land RM'000	Long term leasehold land RM'000	Buildings and improvements RM <sup>*</sup> 000	Farm buildings RM'000	Fishing boat and equipment RM'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	i Plant and machinery RM'000	Office improvements and renovation RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Capital work-in- progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Depreciation											
At 31 March/1 April 2014	1	7,051	33,863	57,478	13,994	29,092	232,367	621	43,072	1	417,538
Depreciation for the year	1	666	6,925	12,098	2,870	6,853	47,743	430	8,851	I	86,436
Disposals	1	(626)	(564)	1	1	(868)	(1,749)	I	(951)		(4,788)
Written off	1	1	I	(4,225)	(212)	(920)	(668)	(65)	(137)	I	(6,227)
Acquisition of											
subsidiary	1	20	824	1	1	176	531	119	598	1	2,268
Effect of movements											
in exchange rates	I	85	(14)	(119)	I	594	(773)	(22)	(24)	I.	(273)
At 31 March 2015		7,196	41,034	65,232	16,652	34,897	277,451	1,083	51,409	ı.	494,954

Group	Freehold land RM'000	Long term leasehold land i RM'000	Buildings and improvements RM'000	Farm buildings RM'000	Fishing boat and equipment RM'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	Plant and machinery RM'000	Office improvements and renovation RM'000	Motor vehicles RM <sup>-</sup> 000	Capital work-in- progress RM'000	Total RM'000
Carrying amounts											
At 1 April 2013	63,695	59,908	141,814	128,606	29,304	33,503	373,433	734	31,055	98,650	960,702
At 31 March/1 April 2014	64,040	55,825	157,889	159,767	33,283	35,761	388,230	732	33,132	114,499	1,043,158
At 31 March 2015	103,580	49,287	189,876	191,811	40,054	45,920	429,068	1,392	35,429	152,971	1,239,388

Company	Furniture, fittings and equipment RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Total RM'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2013	426	619	1,045
Additions	120	257	377
Disposal	(546)	(125)	(671)
At 31 March/1 April 2014/31 March 2015	-	751	751
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 April 2013	160	305	465
Depreciation for the year	24	112	136
Disposal	(184)	(102)	(286)
At 31 March/1 April 2014	-	315	315
Depreciation for the year	-	114	114
At 31 March 2015	-	429	429
Carrying amounts			
At 1 April 2013	266	314	580
At 31 March/1 April 2014	_	436	436
At 31 March 2015	-	322	322

## 3.1 Depreciation charge for the year is allocated as follows:

		Gr	oup	Con	npany
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Income statement	21	86,436	76,256	114	136
Biological assets	7	-	1,155	-	-
		86,436	77,411	114	136

## 3.2 Assets under finance lease

Included in property, plant and equipment of the Group are assets acquired under finance lease agreements with the following net book value:

	Gre	oup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Motor vehicles	1,606	1,449

# 3.3 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is in respect of the on-going construction of buildings and installation of plant and machinery in certain subsidiaries.

# 4. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Group BM'000
Cost	RM'000
At 1 April 2013	32,949
Additions	689
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	14,771
Disposal	(10,860)
At 31 March/1 April 2014	37,549
Additions	350
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(4,206)
At 31 March 2015	33,693
Amortisation and impairment loss	
At 1 April 2013	
- Accumulated amortisation	2,262
- Accumulated impairment loss	1,221
	3,483
Amortisation for the year	613
Disposal	(188)
At 31 March/1 April 2014	
- Accumulated amortisation	2,687
- Accumulated impairment loss	1,221
	3,908
Amortisation for the year	634
At 31 March 2015	
- Accumulated amortisation	3,321
- Accumulated impairment loss	1,221
	4,542
Carrying amount	
At 1 April 2013	29,466
At 31 March/1 April 2014	33,641
At 31 March 2015	29,151
Fair value	
At 1 April 2013	58,570
At 31 March/1 April 2014	79,788
At 31 March 2015	68,080

## 4. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The following are recognised in profit or loss in respect of investment properties:

G	iroup
2015	2014
RM'000	RM'000
1,134	866
(578)	(545)
(57)	(64)
	<b>2015</b> <b>RM'000</b> 1,134 (578)

#### Fair value information

Fair value of investment properties are categorised as follows:

	Le	vel 3
	2015	2014
Group	RM'000	RM'000
Land	50,689	62,878
Building	17,391	16,910
	68,080	79,788

## Level 3 fair value

Level 3 fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs for the investment property.

Level 3 fair values of land is estimated by Directors by made reference to the asking price of comparable properties in close proximity and adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size and bargain discount. The significant unobservable inputs include adjustments to price per square feet at comparable properties and the discount factors.

## 5. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS

	Short-term leasehold land*
Group	RM'000
Cost	
At 1 April 2013	59,274
Additions	969
Acquisition of subsidiary	2,432
Transfer from property, plant and equipment	3,192
Effect of movements in exchange rates	(56)
At 31 March / 1 April 2014	65,811
Effect of movements in exchange rates	46
At 31 March 2015	65,857
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2013	5,974
Amortisation for the year	1,166
Acquisition of subsidiary	54
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(59)
Effect of movements in exchange rates	(18)
At 31 March/1 April 2014	7,117
Amortisation for the year	1,232
At 31 March 2015	8,349

## 5. PREPAID LEASE PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

	Short-term leasehold land*
Group	RM'000
Carrying amounts	
At 1 April 2013	53,300
At 31 March/1 April 2014	58,694
At 31 March 2015	57,508

#### \* Unexpired period less than 50 years.

Included in prepaid lease payments is an amount of RM19,740,000 (equivalent to USD6,000,000) which represent the valuation of the land use rights in respect of a subsidiary in Indonesia, as agreed in a master joint venture agreement dated 16 August 2006. The land use rights represent the location permit, plantation license and the cultivation right title over the plantation land of approximately 20,000 hectares.

The approval for the land utilisation rights measuring an area of 14,177 hectares was granted in 2010 for a period of 35 years, out of which title to 10,159 hectares was issued. The cultivation right title is extendable under Indonesian Land Ordinance. QL's Indonesian partners have taken active steps to obtain additional land for the remaining cultivation right. In 2013, 1,300 hectares of additional land have been identified for the remaining cultivation right. No additional land was identified during the financial year.

Under the Indonesian regulations, approximately 20% of the land use rights have to be set aside for Plasma Scheme. This Scheme is a programme where oil palm plantation owners/operators are required to participate in selected programmes to develop plantations to smallholders (herein referred to as plasma farmers)(see Note 12.2).

#### Patents and Development Goodwill costs trademarks **Total RM'000** RM'000 **RM'000 RM'000** Group Cost At 1 April 2013 6,417 1,136 554 8,107 Effect of movements in exchange rates (140)(140)At 31 March / 1 April 2014 6,277 1,136 554 7,967 Written off (1,082)(1,082) Effect of movements in exchange rates (27) (27) -At 31 March 2015 6,250 54 554 6,858 Amortisation and impairment loss At 1 April 2013 - Accumulated amortisation 453 139 - Accumulated impairment loss 197 89 197 453 228 Amortisation for the year 152 31

## 6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

592

286

878

183

## 6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Group	Goodwill RM'000	Development costs RM'000	Patents and trademarks RM'000	Total RM'000
At 31 March / 1 April 2014				
- Accumulated amortisation		605	170	775
- Accumulated impairment loss	197	-	89	286
	197	605	259	1,061
Amortisation for the year	-	149	90	239
Written off		(708)	-	(708)
At 31 March 2015				
- Accumulated amortisation	-	46	260	306
- Accumulated impairment loss	197	-	89	286
	197	46	349	592
Carrying amounts				
At 1 April 2013	6,220	683	326	7,229
At 31 March/1 April 2014	6,080	531	295	6,906
At 31 March 2015	6,053	8	205	6,266

The goodwill recognised on acquisition is attributable mainly to the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating the acquired companies into the Group's existing operations.

For the purpose of the impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the lowest level within the Group of which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes.

The recoverable amounts of the cash-generating units were based on value in use calculation. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management.

# 7. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

	G	roup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
At cost:		
Non-current		
Plantation development expenditure	117,014	111,844
Current		
Livestock	88,899	80,562
	205,913	192,406

In prior year, included in non-current biological assets was depreciation charge of RM1,155,000 (Note 3.1).

## 8. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

Сог	mpany
2015	2014
RM'000	RM'000
665,456	655,456
	2015 RM'000

During the financial year, the Company increased its investments in subsidiaries by RM10,000,000 (2014: RM236,939,000) via capitalisation of debts (2014: RM235,440,000).

Details of the Company's subsidiaries are shown in Note 33.

## Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries

The Group's subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests ("NCI") are as follows:

	◀ QL Endau Marine Products Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000	QL Ansan Poultry Farm Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000		Kembang Subur Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000	Other individually immaterial subsidiaries RM'000	Total RM'000
NCI percentage of ownership interest and voting interest	29.41%	9.23%	25.50%	36.67%		
Carrying amount of NCI	39,935	9,071	(1,771)	12,022	13,610	72,867
Total comprehensive income/(expense) allocated to NCI	5,954	2,015	(7,936)	241	5,774	6,048

## Summarised financial information before intra-group elimination

As at 31 March				
Non-current assets	120,468	121,943	183,580	28,202
Current assets	53,462	63,796	7,427	19,690
Non-current liabilities	(25,912)	(19,672)	(1,728)	(9,353)
Current liabilities	(12,231)	(67,790)	(196,224)	(5,755)
Net assets	135,787	98,277	(6,945)	32,784

CONTINUED

# 8. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

### Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries (continued)

	◀ QL Endau Marine Products Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000	QL Ansan QL Ansan Poultry Farm Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000	PT Pipit Mutiara Indah RM'000	Kembang Subur Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000
Year ended 31 March				
Revenue	147,949	126,482	40,107	6,714
Total comprehensive income/(expense)	20,245	17,664	(31,120)	657
Cash flows from operating activities	43,153	2,757	9,565	(2,592)
Cash flows used in investing activities	(27,391)	(34,867)	(9,378)	(969)
Cash flows (used in)/from financing activities	(13,455)	37,151	(1,981)	10,410
	2,307	5,041	(1,794)	6,849
Dividends paid to NCI	(3,118)	(671)	-	-

	4		2014		
	QL Endau Marine Products Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000	QL Ansan Poultry Farm Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000	PT Pipit Mutiara Indah RM'000	Other individually immaterial subsidiaries RM'000	Total RM'000
NCI percentage of ownership interest					
and voting interest	29.41%	15.00%	25.50%		
Carrying amount of NCI	37,099	5,724	6,165	10,959	59,947
Total comprehensive income/(expense)					
allocated to NCI	7,222	1,468	(7,161)	(1,597)	(68)

## Summarised financial information before intra-group elimination

As at 31 March			
Non-current assets	102,501	51,988	180,587
Current assets	64,649	29,734	14,702
Non-current liabilities	(25,523)	(8,147)	(1,671)
Current liabilities	(15,484)	(35,418)	(169,443)
Net assets	126,143	38,157	24,175

## 8. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

### Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries (continued)

Marine Products Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000	Poultry Farm Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries RM'000	PT Pipit Mutiara Indah RM'000
29.41%	15.00%	25.50%
139,414	98,272	21,566
24,557	9,784	(28,083)
14,972	11,364	4,507
(12,906)	(4,170)	(12,542)
(11,274)	(6,313)	10,110
(9,208)	881	2,075
(6,549)	(732)	-
	Sdn. Bhd. and           its subsidiaries           RM'000           29.41%           139,414           24,557           14,972           (12,906)           (11,274)           (9,208)	Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries         Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries           RM'000         RM'000           29.41%         15.00%           139,414         98,272           24,557         9,784           14,972         11,364           (12,906)         (4,170)           (11,274)         (6,313)           (9,208)         881

# 9. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
At cost:				
Unquoted shares	2,594	2,496	-	-
Quoted shares in Malaysia	54,107	73,195	-	25,223
Share of post-acquisition reserve	37,960	25,663	-	-
	94,661	101,354	-	25,223
Market value:				
Quoted shares in Malaysia	312,508	332,687	-	23,920

Details of the associates are as follows:

	Country of			
Name of Company	Incorporation	Principal activities	2015	2014
			%	%
Indahgrains Logistics Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Operating of warehouse and warehouse management	29.87	29.87
Boilermech Holdings Berhad*	Malaysia	Manufacturing, repairing and servicing of boilers	41.48	40.71
Lay Hong Berhad**	Malaysia	Integrated livestock farming	-	26.40
AB Hatchery Sdn. Bhd.*	Malaysia	Hatchery and aqua culturing of shrimps and fishes	31.03	-

\* Equity accounted based on management accounts.

\*\* Investment in Lay Hong Berhad was equity accounted for in prior year. The investment was reclassified to other investments upon loss of significant influence during the financial year.

# 9. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

The following table summarises the information of the Group's material associate, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and reconciles the information to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associate.

Group	◀ Boilermech Holdings Berhad RM'000	2015 Other individually immaterial associates RM'000	Total RM'000
Summarised financial information			
As at 31 March			
Non-current assets	76,011		
Current assets	153,192		
Current liabilities	(97,931)		
Net assets	131,272		
Year ended 31 March			
Total comprehensive income	34,226		
Included in the total comprehensive income is:			
Revenue	277,275		
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount			
As at 31 March			
Group's share of net assets	54,439	3,308	57,747
Goodwill	36,866	48	36,914
Carrying amount in the statements			
of financial position	91,305	3,356	94,661
Group's share of results			
Year ended 31 March			
Group's share of results	16,023	7,249	23,272
Other information			
Dividends received	3,149	1,668	

# 9. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (CONTINUED)

Group	Boilermech Holdings Berhad RM'000	2014 Other individually immaterial associates RM'000	Total RM'000
Summarised financial information			
As at 31 March			
Non-current assets	42,755		
Current assets	171,400		
Current liabilities	(108,846)		
Net assets	105,309		
Year ended 31 March			
	21 757		
Total comprehensive income	31,757		
Included in the total comprehensive income is:			
Revenue	242,020		
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount			
As at 31 March			
Group's share of net assets	42,871	26,471	69,342
Goodwill	31,964	48	32,012
Carrying amount in the statements			
of financial position	74,835	26,519	101,354
Group's share of results			
Year ended 31 March			
Group's share of results	12,529	2,096	14,62
Other information			
Dividends received	2,020	627	
Dividends received	2,020	627	

## **10. OTHER INVESTMENTS**

		Group an	d Company
	Note	2015	2014
		RM'000	RM'000
Non-current			
Available-for-sale financial assets	10.1	61,560	-
Market value of quoted investments		61,560	-

## **10.1** Available-for-sale financial assets

The available-for-sale financial assets at the end of the reporting period comprises the Group's and the Company's equity interest of 39.09% in Lay Hong Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia and listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The Group and the Company do not regard the investment as an associate because the Group and the Company do not have significant influence over the policy making processes of the investee.

# **11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)**

### **Recognised deferred tax assets/(liabilities)**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

	Ass	ets	Liabilities		Net	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Group	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Property, plant and						
equipment	-	-	(70,944)	(63,877)	(70,944)	(63,877)
Biological assets	-	-	(2,063)	(2,063)	(2,063)	(2,063)
Tax loss carry forwards	123	107	-	-	123	107
Unabsorbed						
capital allowances	1,725	1,206	-	-	1,725	1,206
Other temporary						
differences	1,188	962	(1,005)	(907)	183	55
Tax assets/(liabilities)	3,036	2,275	(74,012)	(66,847)	(70,976)	(64,572)
Set-off of tax	(1,954)	(1,152)	1,954	1,152	-	-
Net tax assets/(liabilities)	1,082	1,123	(72,058)	(65,695)	(70,976)	(64,572)

## Movement in temporary differences during the year

Group	At 1.4.2013 RM'000	Recognised in profit or loss (Note 24) RM'000	At 31.3.2014/ 1.4.2014 RM'000	Recognised in profit or loss (Note 24) RM'000	Arising from business combinations (Note 34) RM'000	At 31.3.2015 RM'000
Property, plant						
and equipment	(58,156)	(5,721)	(63,877)	(6,267)	(800)	(70,944)
Biological assets	(2,001)	(62)	(2,063)	-	-	(2,063)
Tax loss carry forwards Unabsorbed capital	548	(441)	107	16	-	123
allowances Other temporary	1,014	192	1,206	483	36	1,725
differences	(657)	712	55	128	-	183
	(59,252)	(5,320)	(64,572)	(5,640)	(764)	(70,976)

## 11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)(CONTINUED)

#### **Unrecognised deferred tax**

Deferred tax has not been recognised in respect of the following items (stated at gross):

Group	
2015	
RM'000	RM'000
5,190	5,834
12,843	(7,330)
(20,643)	(6,138)
(2,610)	(7,634)
	<b>2015</b> <b>RM'000</b> 5,190 12,843 (20,643)

Certain subsidiaries have tax incentives with tax exemption of 100% on its statutory income in accordance with Section 127 of the Income Tax Act 1967 for a period of 10 years commencing from the year the subsidiaries achieve statutory income. Deferred tax has not been recognised for temporary differences expected to be crystalised within the tax incentive period.

The tax loss carry-forwards do not expire under current tax legislation, except for tax losses of a subsidiary in Vietnam of RM10,050,000 (2014: RM5,581,000) which expire over a 3 years period and tax losses of subsidiaries in Indonesia of RM146,736,000 (2014: RM70,848,322) which expire over a 5 years period.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the tax loss carry-forwards and unabsorbed capital allowances because it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group entities can utilise the benefits there from.

## **12. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

		Gr	oup	Con	npany
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current					
Subsidiaries	12.1	-	-	360,466	128,970
Other receivables	12.2	5,190	3,966	-	-
		5,190	3,966	360,466	128,970
Current					
Trade					
Trade receivables	12.3	239,844	224,831	-	-
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	12.4	(8,189)	(8,029)	-	-
		231,655	216,802	-	-
Non-trade					
Subsidiaries	12.1	-	-	61,108	174,981
Other receivables	12.2	75,193	55,632	-	91
		75,193	55,632	61,108	175,072
		306,848	272,434	61,108	175,072
		312,038	276,400	421,574	304,042

## 12. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### 12.1 Amounts due from subsidiaries and associates

#### **Subsidiaries**

The amounts due from subsidiaries of the Company are in respect of advances, which are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand except for:

- RM218,682,000 (2014: RM108,184,000) which is unsecured, subject to fixed interest rate from 3.05% to 5.19% (2014: 3.05% to 5.19%) per annum with fixed terms of repayment over a period of 1 to 5 years (2014: 1 to 5 years).
- ii) RM32,933,000 (2014: RM104,194,000) which is unsecured, subject to fixed interest rate from 4.29% to 6.50% (2014: 4.29% to 6.50%) per annum and is repayable on demand.
- iii) RM130,812,000 (2014: RM19,986,000) which is subject to the Company's weighted cost of funds ("COF") plus 0.50% (2014: COF plus 0.50%) per annum with fixed terms of repayment over a period of 1 to 5 years (2014: 1 to 5 years); and
- iv) RM25,256,000 (2014: RM58,394,000) which is subject to Company's COF plus 0.50% (2014: COF plus 0.50%) per annum and is repayable on demand.

#### 12.2 Other receivables

(i) Included in non-current other receivables of the Group are advances for plasma plantation projects in Indonesia amounting to RM5,190,000 (2014: RM3,966,000).

The advances made by the Group in the form of plasma plantation development costs are recoverable from the plasma farmers upon the completion and handover of the plasma plantation projects to plasma farmers. These advances are recoverable from plasma farmers or through bank loans obtained by plasma farmers. Impairment losses are made when the estimated amount recoverable is less than the outstanding advances.

(ii) Included in current other receivables of the Group are advances made to suppliers of certain subsidiaries amounting to RM37,409,000 (2014: RM39,899,000) to secure the constant source of raw material supplies for the manufacturing activities. The amount is net of impairment loss on advances to suppliers debts, unsecured, interest free and repayment is substantially made through the supply of raw materials.

# 12. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### 12.3 Trade receivables

Included in the trade receivables of the Group are the following amounts due from related parties:

	G	roup	
	2015	2014	
	RM'000	RM'000	
A person connected with a Director of a subsidiary	275	252	
Companies in which certain Directors of the subsidiaries have interests	9,636	5,689	
	9,911	5,941	

The amounts due from related parties are subject to normal trade credit terms.

## 12.4 Allowance for impairment loss

During the year, impairment loss on receivables written off against the receivables previously provided for by the Group amounted to RM868,000 (2014: RM230,000).

# **13. INVENTORIES**

Group		
2015	2014	
RM'000	RM'000	
82,471	60,841	
252,095	166,281	
334,566	227,122	
42	1,875	
334,608	228,997	
	2015 RM'000 82,471 252,095 334,566 42	

# **14. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS**

		(	Group	Cor	npany
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Deposits	14.1	19,089	29,533	1,616	250
Prepayments		13,358	8,060	187	177
		32,447	37,593	1,803	427

## 14. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS (CONTINUED)

## 14.1 Deposits

Included in deposits of the Group are:

- i) deposits paid for purchase of property, plant and equipment amounting to RM10,130,000 (2014 : RM20,238,000); and
- ii) deposits paid for the purpose of entering into futures contracts and options amounting to RM344,000 (2014 : RM187,000).

## **15. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)**

	Group		Company	
	2015	2015 2014	014 2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Held for trading, which relates to forward				
foreign exchange contract ("FFEC")	4,690	2,169	4,682	1,907
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss: Held for trading, which relates to forward				
foreign exchange contract ("FFEC")	(3,149)	(3)	-	-

## **16. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

	Group		Cor	npany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Cash and bank balances	183,189	167,781	23,226	21,072
Deposits with licensed banks	7,136	25,100	580	580
Liquid investments	10,408	60,276	91	60,152
	200,733	253,157	23,897	81,804

#### **17. CAPITAL AND RESERVES**

#### 17.1 Share capital

	Group and Company					
		Number		Number		
	Amount	of shares	Amount	of shares		
	2015	2015	2014	2014		
	RM'000	'000'	RM'000	'000'		
Authorised:						
Ordinary shares of RM0.25	500,000	2,000,000	500,000	2,000,000		
Issued and fully paid up:						
Ordinary shares of RM0.25						
At 1 April 2014/2013	312,007	1,248,030	208,005	832,020		
- Bonus issue	-	-	62,401	249,606		
- Rights issue	-	-	41,601	166,404		
At 31 March	312,007	1,248,030	312,007	1,248,030		

#### (a) Bonus issue

In prior year, the Company issued 249,605,886 new ordinary shares of RM0.25 each pursuant to the bonus issue on the basis of three (3) ordinary shares for every ten (10) ordinary shares of RM0.25 each by way of capitalisation of share premium. The bonus issue exercise was completed on 17 February 2014 following the listing and quotation of the 249,605,886 bonus shares on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

#### (b) Rights issue

In prior year, the Company issued 166,403,924 new ordinary shares of RM0.25 each at an issue price of RM1.80 per share pursuant to the rights issue on the basis of two (2) ordinary shares for every ten (10) existing ordinary shares of RM0.25 each for a total consideration of RM299,527,000. The acceptance and payment for the rights issue was closed on 5 March 2014.

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time, and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

## 17.2 Share premium

Share premium comprises the premium paid on subscription of shares in the Company over and above the par value of the shares.

#### 17.3 Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of the Group entities with functional currencies other than RM.

#### 17.4 Fair value reserve

The fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets until the investments are derecognised or impaired.

## **17. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)**

### 17.5 Hedging reserve

The hedging reserve comprises the effective portion of the cumulative net change in the fair value of cash flow hedges related to hedged transactions that have not yet occurred.

## 17.6 Retained earnings

The Company may distribute single tier dividends to its shareholders out of its entire retained earnings.

## **18. LOANS AND BORROWINGS**

	Group		Com	Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Non-current:					
Term loans					
- Conventional- unsecured	107,814	145,652	84,098	121,857	
- Islamic-unsecured	217,217	115,490	217,217	115,490	
Islamic Commercial					
Papers-unsecured	-	6,414	-	6,414	
Finance lease liabilities	997	657	-	-	
	326,028	268,213	301,315	243,761	
Current:					
Term loans					
- Conventional- unsecured	58,830	38,428	39,174	22,932	
- Conventional- secured	1,409	-	-	-	
- Islamic-unsecured	29,283	30,000	29,283	30,000	
Bank overdrafts	25,542	20,481	-	-	
Islamic Commercial					
Papers-unsecured	-	8,750	-	8,750	
Bills payable					
- Conventional- secured	224,948	247,082	-	-	
- Islamic-unsecured	57,581	17,805	-	-	
Revolving credit					
-unsecured	33,000	23,026	15,000	23,026	
Finance lease liabilities	370	491	-	-	
	430,963	386,063	83,457	84,708	
	756,991	654,276	384,772	328,469	

#### 18.1 Interest/Profit rate

#### Group

#### Term loans

The term loans for the Group are subject to the following:

i) At an interest ranging from 3.91% to 6.90% (2014: 3.91% to 6.90%) per annum;

### **18. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)**

#### 18.1 Interest/Profit rate (continued)

#### Group (continued)

#### **Term loans**

- ii) 3 months Kuala Lumpur Interbank Offered Rate ("KLIBOR") plus 0.66% to 1.35% (2014: 0.70% to 1.35%) per annum;
- iii) 1 month Cost of Fund ("COF") plus 1.20% (2014: 1.20% ) per annum;
- iv) 3 months COF plus 1.50% (2014: 3 months COF plus 1.50%) per annum; and
- v) Kuala Lumpur Islamic Reference Rate ("KLIRR") plus 1.25% (2014: 1.25%) per annum.

The term loans for the Group are repayable in equal monthly, quarterly and half yearly instalments over periods ranging from 1 to 5 years (2014: 1 to 5 years).

#### Bank overdrafts

The bank overdrafts are subject to interest ranging from 0.50% to 1.75% (2014: 0.50% to 1.75%) above Base Lending Rate ("BLR") per annum.

#### **Bills payable**

The unsecured bills payable are subject to interest ranging from 0.20% to 1.50% (2014: 0.20% to 1.50%) above COF per annum.

#### **Revolving credit**

The revolving credit is subject to interest of monthly COF plus 0.85% to 1.25% (2014: 0.85% to 1.25%).

#### **Finance lease liabilities**

Finance lease liabilities are payable as follows:

pa	Future nimum lease yments 2015 RM'000	Interest 2015 RM'000	Present value of minimum lease payments 2015 RM'000	Future minimum lease payments 2014 RM'000	Interest 2014 RM'000	Present value of minimum lease payments 2014 RM'000
Less than one year Between one and five years	388	(18) (96)	370 997	511 713	(20) (56)	491 657
	1,481	(114)	1,367	1,224	(76)	1,148

Finance lease liabilities bear interest rates at 2.50% to 5.80% (2014: 2.50% to 5.80%) per annum.

## Group and Company

#### **Islamic Commercial Papers**

In prior year, the Company issued RM45 million 3.5 years Islamic Commercial Papers ("ICP") under the Sukuk Program ("Programme") at par with profit rates ranging from 4.33% to 4.57% per annum.

CONTINUED

## **18. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)**

#### 18.1 Interest/Profit rate (continued)

#### Group and Company (continued)

#### **Islamic Commercial Papers (continued)**

Salient features of the Programme were as follows:

- i) Total outstanding nominal value of the ICP at any point in time shall not exceed RM45 million.
- ii) The aggregate tenure of the Progamme is up to 3.5 years from the date of the first issuance of the ICP under the Programme.
- iii) The ICP will be issued at a discount to the nominal value and repayable in 6 monthly installment over period of 3.5 years. There will not be profit payable on the ICP issued under the Programme in view that they are issued at a discount.

#### Company

#### **Term loans**

The term loans for the Company are subject to the following:

- i) At an interest of 4.50% (2014: 4.50%) per annum;
- ii) 3 months KLIBOR plus 0.66% to 1.35% (2014: 0.70% to 1.35%) per annum;
- iii) 1 month COF plus 1.20% (2014: 1.20% ) per annum; and
- iv) KLIRR plus 1.25% (2014: 1.25%) per annum.

The term loans for the Company are repayable in equal monthly instalments over periods ranging from 1 to 5 years (2014: 1 to 5 years).

#### **Revolving credit**

The revolving credit is subject to interest of 0.85% to 1.25% (2014: 0.85% to 1.25%) per annum.

#### 18.2 Security

#### Group

#### Term loans, bank overdrafts, bills payable and revolving credit

#### Unsecured

The term loans are supported by way of:

- i) corporate guarantees by the Company; and/or
- ii) a negative pledge on all assets of the Company.

## **18. LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)**

#### 18.2 Security (continued)

#### Group (continued)

# Significant covenants for certain term loans, bank overdrafts and bills payable granted to the Group and the Company:

- i) dividend payment shall not exceed current year net profit after tax of the Company;
- ii) maximum gearing of 2.0 times of the Group at all times; and
- iii) minimum debt service cover ratio of 1.25 times of the Group.

#### Company

#### **Term loans**

Unsecured

The term loans are supported by way of a negative pledge over the assets of the Company.

#### **Islamic Commercial Papers**

The ICP are supported by way of a negative pledge on all assets of the Company.

#### Significant covenants for ICP granted to the Group and the Company:

- i) total annual dividends payout by subsidiary companies to the Issuer shall not be less than 20% of net profit after tax;
- ii) maximum gearing of 1.5 times of the Group at all times;
- iii) minimum debt service cover ratio of 1.8 times of the Group; and
- iv) minimum finance service cover ratio of 3 times of the Group.

## **19. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

The Group's net obligation in respect of defined benefit retirement plans arises from its subsidiaries in Indonesia. The following tables summarise the components of net employee benefit expense recognised in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and in the statements of financial position as employee benefits.

		Group		
		2015	2014	
		RM'000	RM'000	
•	Expense recognised in profit or loss			
	Current service cost	439	370	
	Interest on obligation	96	86	
	Net benefit expense	535	456	
•	Present value of defined benefit obligations			
	Present value of defined benefit obligations	1,644	1,056	
	Unrealised actuarial gain	22	95	
	Net benefit expense	1,666	1,151	

## **19. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)**

	G	iroup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Present value of defined benefit obligation		
Defined benefit obligations at 1 April 2014/2013	1,151	769
Current service cost and interest	536	456
Payment during the year	(21)	(74)
Defined benefit obligations at 31 March	1,666	1,151

The principal assumptions used in determining the retirement benefit cost at end of the reporting period are as follows:

Calculation method	:	Projected Unit Credit
Normal pension age	:	55 years
Annual salary increment (estimated)	:	7% - 10.2% (2014: 7% - 10%)
Annual discount rate	:	8% (2014: 8.7%)
Mortality level	:	Indonesian Mortality Table ("TMI") 3
Disability level	:	10% from mortality level (2014: 10%)
Resignation level	:	5% constant until the age of 34 and
		linearly decreasing until the pension age.

The Group's management believes that the accrued employee benefit as of 31 March 2015 is sufficient to meet the requirements of the law in Indonesia.

# 20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		Gi	roup	Con	npany
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Note	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Current					
Subsidiaries	20.1	-	-	5,717	10,779
Trade payables	20.2	127,494	86,463	-	-
Associate - trade	20.3	1,721	-	-	-
Other payables	20.4	79,187	61,346	27	256
Accrued expenses		29,900	20,200	3,212	74
		238,302	168,009	8,956	11,109

#### 20.1 Amounts due to subsidiaries

The amounts due to subsidiaries are non-trade in nature, subject to an interest of 3.55% (2014: 3.55%) per annum, unsecured and repayable on demand.

## 20. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

#### 20.2 Trade payables

Included in trade payables of the Group are the following amounts due to related parties:

	Group		
	2015	2014	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Companies in which certain Directors			
of subsidiaries have interest	1,413	1,652	

The amounts due to related parties are subject to normal trade credit terms.

## 20.3 Amount due to associate

The amount due to associate are trade in nature, interest free and subject to normal trade terms.

## 20.4 Other payables

Included in other payables of the Group are the following amounts due to related parties:

	G	roup
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Companies in which certain Directors have interests	-	24
Amount due to non-controlling interests and its related parties	48,231	45,733
	48,231	45,757

The amounts due to related parties are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

# 21. RESULTS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Group		Company	
2015	2014	2015	2014
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
879	810	159	63
18	43	-	-
184	88	-	-
220	194	-	-
119	138	-	138
70	288	-	-
634	613	-	-
239	183	-	-
1,232	1,166	-	-
190	976	-	-
	2015 RM'000 879 18 184 220 119 70 634 239 1,232	2015         2014           RM'000         RM'000           879         810           18         43           184         88           220         194           119         138           70         288           634         613           239         183           1,232         1,166	2015         2014         2015           RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           879         810         159           18         43         -           184         88         -           220         194         -           119         138         -           70         288         -           634         613         -           239         183         -           1,232         1,166         -

# 21. RESULTS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

	(	Group	Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
sults from operating activities is				
arrived at after charging (continued)				
Derivative loss	2,091	-	-	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	86,436	76,256	114	136
Hire of plant and machinery	78	115	-	
Impairment loss on receivables	1,517	2,175	-	
Intangible assets written off	374	-	-	
Loss on foreign exchange				
- realised	5,119	1,458	-	
Personnel expenses				
(including key management personnel):				
- wages, salaries and others	123,665	115,478	-	1,569
- contribution to state plans	8,576	7,768	-	100
- expenses related to defined benefit plans	536	456	-	
Property, plant and equipment written off	2,666	1,486	-	
Rental of land and buildings				
and office premises	4,243	2,849	-	113
Rental of plant, machinery,				
equipment and motor vehicle	44	89	-	17
d after crediting:				
Bad debts recovered	113	323	-	
Dividend income from:				
Subsidiaries				
- single tier	-	-	67,268	154,870
Associate				
- single tier	-	-	862	
Other investments				
- liquid investment	855	280	595	112
Derivative gain	-	359	-	
Gain on foreign exchange				
- realised	365	-	-	180
- unrealised	1,778	68	20,578	2,353
Gain on disposal of assets held for sale	-	4,396	-	
Gain on deemed disposal of investment in associate	8,347	-	12,215	
Gain on disposal of liquid investment				
- unrealised	21	-	-	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,104	72	-	1
Gain on disposal of investment properties	-	8,290	-	
Rental of equipment	72	47	-	
Rental of premises	1,161	888	-	
Reversal of impairment loss:				
- advances to suppliers	70	-	-	
- trade and other receivables	489	310	-	

# 22. FINANCE COSTS

	Group		Company		
	2015	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Interest expense of financial liabilities that					
are not at fair value through profit or loss:					
- term loans and ICP	17,236	20,074	15,935	17,151	
- bank overdrafts	1,484	1,195	-	-	
- bills payable	8,889	9,726	-	-	
- finance lease liabilities	144	54	-	-	
- banker's acceptance	2,643	-	-	-	
- revolving credit	2,632	3,271	2,570	3,191	
- subsidiaries	-	-	933	1,693	
	33,028	34,320	19,438	22,035	
Other finance costs	2,540	799	-	-	
	35,568	35,119	19,438	22,035	

## 23. FINANCE INCOME

	G	iroup	Cor	npany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Interest income of financial assets that				
are not at fair value through profit or loss:				
- Deposits placed with licensed banks	5,242	1,874	1,944	183
- Subsidiaries	-	-	17,627	11,166
- Others	622	650	-	-
	5,864	2,524	19,571	11,349

# 24. TAX EXPENSE

	G	iroup	Cor	npany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Tax expense on operations	50,035	37,013	1,317	237
Share of tax of equity-accounted associates	7,847	3,889	-	-
Total tax expense	57,882	40,902	1,317	237
Current tax expense				
- current year	44,125	34,003	1,306	237
- under/(over) provision in prior years	270	(2,310)	11	-
	44,395	31,693	1,317	237
Deferred tax expense				
- origination and reversal of temporary differences	9,956	5,121	-	-
- (over)/under provision in prior years	(4,316)	199	-	-
	5,640	5,320	-	-
Share of tax of equity-accounted associates	7,847	3,889	-	-
Total tax expense	57,882	40,902	1,317	237

## 24. TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

	(	Group	Com	pany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Reconciliation of tax expense				
Profit for the year	195,940	166,754	96,315	143,179
Total income tax expense	57,882	40,902	1,317	237
Profit excluding tax	253,822	207,656	97,632	143,416
Income tax calculated using Malaysian tax rate of 25%	63,455	51,914	24,408	35,854
Effect of change in tax rate*	(721)	-	-	-
Effect of tax rates in foreign jurisdictions	651	63	-	-
Non-deductible expenses	13,591	10,652	804	3,733
Tax exempt income	(1,309)	(3,293)	(23,906)	(39,350)
Tax incentives	(11,818)	(16,446)	-	-
Effect of temporary differences not recognised	(1,935)	186	-	-
Crystalisation of deferred tax liabilities				
arising from revaluation reserve	(164)	(164)	-	-
Over provision in prior years	(4,046)	(2,111)	11	-
Others	178	101	-	-
Tax expense	57,882	40,902	1,317	237

\* In the Malaysian Budget 2014, it was announced that corporate income tax rate will be reduced to 24% for the year assessment 2016 ("YA2016") onwards. Consequently, any temporary differences are expected to be reversed in YA2016 onwards are measured using this rate.

## 25. EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE

## Basic earnings per ordinary share

The calculation of basic earnings per ordinary share is based on the profit attributable to the owners of the Company of RM191,400,000 (2014: RM159,929,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Issued ordinary shares at beginning of the year	1,248,030	832,020
Effect of Bonus issue	-	249,606
Effect of Rights issue	-	77,921
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	1,248,030	1,159,547
	sen	sen
Basic earnings per ordinary share	15	14

#### Diluted earnings per ordinary share

The Group has no dilution in its earnings per ordinary share at 31 March 2015 and 31 March 2014.

## 26. DIVIDENDS

Dividends recognised by the Company:

		Total amount	
	Sen per share	RM'000	Date of payment
2015			
Final 2014	3.50	43,681	12 September 2014
2014			
Final 2013	4.50	37,441	13 September 2013

The Directors recommend a final single tier dividend of 4.25 sen per ordinary share of RM0.25 each in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2015 subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming general meeting. Based on the issued and paid-up capital of the Company at the end of the reporting period, the final dividend would amount to approximately RM53,041,000.

## **27. OPERATING SEGMENTS**

The Group's resources allocation is assessed on a quarterly basis in accordance to the business performance and requirements of the respective business segments as reviewed and determined by the Group's Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") whom is also the Managing Director of the Group. Hence, segment information is presented by business segment that the Group operates in. The format of the business segment is based on the Group's operation management and internal reporting structure.

Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The Company's expenses are allocated to the respective business segments based on a pre-agreed percentage allocation, while the Company's assets and liabilities are absorbed into integrated livestock farming segment.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire property, plant and equipment, investment properties, prepaid lease payments and intangible assets other than goodwill.

#### **Business segments**

The Group comprises the following main business segments:

Marine-products manufacturing	Deep-sea fishing, manufacture and sale of fishmeal, surimi and surimi based products.
Palm oil and biomass energy activities	Plantation, crude palm oil milling and downstream palm biomass technology.
Integrated livestock farming	Distribution of animal feed raw materials, food related products and livestock farming.

The inter-segment transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business and are based on normal trade terms.

#### Geographical segments

The Group's business operates in five principal geographical areas, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore, Vietnam and China.

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of the group entities, segment assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

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CONTINUED

# 27. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

	Marine- manufa	Marine-products manufacturing	Palm oil ai energy a	Palm oil and biomass energy activities	Integrated farn	Integrated livestock farming	Conse	Consolidated
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
<b>Business segments</b> Revenue from external customers	732,545	618,524	345,106	334,743	1,630,116	1,503,919	2,707,767	2,457,186
Segment profit before taxation	127,222	109,198	14,791	9,542	103,962	85,027	245,975	203,767
Included in the measurement of segment profit before taxation are: Inter-segment revenue	111,471	91,707	2,190	2,669	4,535	3,719	118,196	98,095
Finance costs	(6,915)	(7,619)	(6,486)	(6,334)	(22,167)	(21,166)	(35,568)	(35,119)
Finance income Demeriation and amortisation	1,652 (45 155)	540 (29,822)	691 (457)	126 (13 503)	3,521 (38 929)	1,858 (34 893)	5,864 (88 541)	2,524 (78 218)
Share of profit of associates, net of tax	162		16,022	12,529	7,088	2,096	23,272	14,625
Not included in the measurement of segment profit before taxation but provided to Managing Director: Tax expense	(26,063)	(14,977)	(808)	(1,993)	(23,064)	(20,043)	(50,035)	(37,013)

		Marine-	Marine-products	Palm oil	Palm oil and biomass		Integrated livestock	stock		
		manuf	manufacturing	energ	energy activities		farming		Conso	Consolidated
		2015 PM'000	2014 PM:000	2015 PM'000	2014 BM'000			2014 BM:000	2015 PM'000	2014 PM:000
Segment assets		795,695	630,083	408,254	418,338	1,381,319		1,193,204	2,585,268	2,241,625
Segment liabilities		114,565	80,593	111,578	128,704	859,675		686,613	1,085,818	895,910
Included in the measurement of segment assets are:		C L					C			۲ ۲ ۲
Investment in associates Additions to non -current assets		80c	I	CU2,12	C58,47		Z,848	61C,02	94,001	TUT,354
other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets	s and	149,269	82,163	14,197	3,801	. 105,150		105,009	268,616	190,973
	Σ	Malaysia	Indo	Indonesia	Vietnam	lam	Other of	Other countries	Cons	Consolidated
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Geographical segments										
Revenue from external customers	2,422,198	2,231,159	229,649	181,460	51,221	41,086	4,699	3,481	2,707,767	2,457,186
Non-current assets other than deferred tax asset	1,167,581	973,523	366,026	328,338	73,034	53,477	4,097	4,225	1,610,738	1,359,563

# 27. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONTINUED)

# **28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

### 28.1 Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as follows:

- (i) Loans and receivables ("L&R");
- (ii) Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL");
- Held for trading ("HFT"); and
- (iii) Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost ("FL").

	Carrying amount RM'000	L&R/ (FL) RM'000	FVTPL -HFT RM'000	Derivatives used for hedging RM'000
2015				
Financial assets				
Group				
Other investments	61,560	-	61,560	-
Derivative financial assets	4,690	-	-	4,690
Trade and other receivables,				
excluding advances to suppliers	274,629	274,629	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	200,733	200,733	-	-
	541,612	475,362	61,560	4,690
Company				
Other investments	61,560	-	61,560	-
Derivative financial assets	4,682	-	-	4,682
Trade and other receivables	421,574	421,574	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	23,897	23,897	-	-
	511,713	445,471	61,560	4,682
Financial liabilities Group				
Loans and borrowings	(756,991)	(756,991)	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities	(3,149)	-	-	(3,149)
Trade and other payables	(238,302)	(238,302)	-	-
	(998,442)	(995,293)	-	(3,149)
<b>Company</b> Loans and borrowings	(384,772)	(384,772)		
Trade and other payables	(8,956)	(8,956)	-	-
	(393,728)	(393,728)		

## 28.1 Categories of financial instruments (continued)

	Carrying amount	L&R/ (FL)	FVTPL -HFT	Derivatives used for hedging
2014	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Financial assets				
Group				
Derivative financial assets	2,169	-	259	1,910
Trade and other receivables,				
excluding advances to suppliers	236,501	236,501	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	253,157	253,157	-	-
	491,827	489,658	259	1,910
Company				
Derivative financial assets	1,907	-	-	1,907
Trade and other receivables	304,042	304,042	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	81,804	81,804	-	-
	387,753	385,846	-	1,907
Financial liabilities				
Group				
Loans and borrowings	(654,276)	(654,276)	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities	(3)	-	-	(3)
Trade and other payables	(168,009)	(168,009)	-	-
	(822,288)	(822,285)	-	(3)
Company				
Loans and borrowings	(328,469)	(328,469)	-	-
Trade and other payables	(11,109)	(11,109)	-	-
	(339,578)	(339,578)	-	-

#### 28.2 Net (losses) and gains arising from financial instruments

	G	iroup	Cor	npany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Net (losses)/gains arising on:				
Fair value through profit or loss:				
- Held for trading	(2,218)	374	-	-
Derivatives designated as				
hedging instrument:				
- recognised in other				
comprehensive income	(2,985)	387	(625)	261
- recognised in profit or loss	127	(15)	-	-
	(2,858)	372	(625)	261
Loans and receivables	6,000	286	20,166	11,461
Available-for-sale financial assets:				
- recognise in other				
comprehensive income	1,584	-	1,584	-
Financial liabilities measured at				
amortised cost	(38,909)	(36,509)	1,140	(19,496)
	(36,401)	(35,477)	22,265	(7,774)

#### 28.3 Financial risk management

The Group's and the Company's financial risk management policy seeks to ensure that adequate financial resources are available for the Group's and the Company's business development. The Group and the Company has clear defined guidelines and written risk management policies on credit risk, foreign currency risk, liquidity and cash flow risk. The Group and the Company operates within clearly defined guidelines and do not engage in speculative transactions.

The Group and the Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

#### 28.4 Credit risk

#### Receivables

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Group and the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises principally from its receivables from customers. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally from loans and advances to subsidiaries and financial guarantees given to banks for credit facilities granted to subsidiaries.

#### Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Credit risk is controlled by the application of credit approvals, limits and monitoring procedures. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis.

#### 28.4 Credit risk (continued)

#### **Receivables (continued)**

#### Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk (cont'd)

Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. The Group and the Company do not have any significant exposure to any individual counterparty. The Group and the Company have credit policy in place to ensure that transactions are conducted with creditworthy counterparty.

#### Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from receivables is represented by the carrying amounts in the statements of financial position.

Management has taken reasonable steps to ensure that receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are measured at their realisable values. A significant portion of these receivables are regular customers that have been transacting with the Group. The Group uses ageing analysis to monitor the credit quality of the receivables.

Individual

#### Impairment losses

The ageing of receivables net of advances to suppliers as at the end of the reporting period was:

	mutvtuuat	
Gross	impairment	Net
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
166,303	-	166,303
94,399	(562)	93,837
22,116	(7,627)	14,489
282,818	(8,189)	274,629
169,305	-	169,305
64,690	(739)	63,951
10,535	(7,290)	3,245
244,530	(8,029)	236,501
	RM'000         166,303         94,399         22,116         282,818         169,305         64,690         10,535	Gross RM'000         impairment RM'000           166,303         -           94,399         (562)           22,116         (7,627)           282,818         (8,189)           169,305         -           64,690         (739)           10,535         (7,290)

The movements in the allowance for impairment losses of receivables during the financial year were:

	G	roup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
At 1 April 2014/2013	8,029	6,394
Impairment loss recognised	1,517	2,175
Impairment loss reversed	(489)	(310)
Impairment loss written off	(868)	(230)
At 31 March	8,189	8,029

#### 28.4 Credit risk (continued)

#### **Financial guarantees**

*Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk* The Company provides financial guarantees to banks in respect of banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The Company monitors on an ongoing basis the results of the subsidiaries and repayments made by the subsidiaries.

#### Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that any subsidiary would default on repayment.

The financial guarantees have not been recognised since the fair value on initial recognition was not material.

#### **Inter-company balances**

*Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk* The Company provides unsecured advances to subsidiaries. The Company monitors the results of the subsidiaries regularly.

#### Exposure to credit risk, credit quality and collateral

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by their carrying amounts in the statements of financial position.

#### Impairment losses

As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that the advances to the subsidiaries are not recoverable. The Company does not specifically monitor the ageing of the advances to subsidiaries. Nevertheless, non-current advances to subsidiaries are not overdue and the remaining advances are repayable on demand.

#### 28.5 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises principally from its various payables, loans and borrowings.

The Group and the Company maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank facilities deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

## 28.5 Liquidity risk (continued)

## Maturity analysis

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on undiscounted contractual payments:

	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual interest rate %	Contractual cash flow RM'000	Under 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000	2 - 5 years RM'000
Group 2015						
Non-derivative financial liabilities Revolving credit	33,000	4.23 - 4.58	34,454	34,454	,	1
Bank overdrafts	25,542	7.10 - 8.35	27,515	27,515	ı.	1
Bills payable Term loans	282,529 414,553	3.23 - 5.28 3.91 - 6.90	294,551 454,375	294,551 94,247	- 97,447	- 262,681
Finance lease liabilities Trade and other payables	1,367 238,302	2.50 – 5.80 -	1,481 238,302	, 388 238,302	1,093	I I
	995,293		1,050,678	689,457	98,540	262,681
Derivative financial liabilities Forward exchange contracts (gross settled):				00000		
Untiow		1 1	c 60,00 (77,754)	ceo,uo (77,754)		1 1
Cross currency swap Interest rate swap	(4,911) 229	1 1	(4,911) 229	(4,911) 229		
	993,752		1,049,137	687,916	98,540	262,681

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CONTINUED

## 28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 28.5 Liquidity risk (continued)

## Maturity analysis (continued)

	Carrying	Contractual	Contractual	Under 1	1 - 2	2 - 5
	amount RM'000	interest rate %	cash flow RM'000	year RM'000	years RM'000	years RM'000
Group 2014						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Revolving credit	23,026	4.23 - 4.58	24,042	24,042	1	I
Bank overdrafts	20,481	7.10 - 8.35	22,063	22,063	T	I
Bills payable	264,887	3.23 - 5.28	264,887	264,887	,	I
Term loans	329,570	3.91 - 6.90	359,460	71,196	89,007	199,257
Islamic Commercial Papers	15,164	4.33 - 4.57	16,137	9,139	6,998	T
Finance lease liabilities	1,148	2.50 - 5.80	1,224	511	713	T
Trade and other payables	168,009	1	168,009	168,009	I	ı.
	822,285		855,822	559,847	96,718	199,257
Derivative financial liabilities Forward exchange contracts (gross settled):						
Outflow	1		95,343	95,343	I	1
Inflow	(259)	I	(95,602)	(95,602)	T	I
Cross currency swap	(1, 860)	I	(1, 860)	(1,860)	I	I
Interest rate swap	(47)	I	(47)	(47)	1	
	820,119		853,656	557,681	96,718	199,257

## 28.5 Liquidity risk (continued)

## Maturity analysis (continued)

	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual interest rate %	Contractual cash flow RM'000	Under 1 year RM'000	1 - 2 years RM'000	2 - 5 years RM'000
Company 2015						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Revolving credit	15,000	4.23 - 4.58	15,661	15,661	I	I
Term loans	369,772	3.91 - 6.90	420,833	72,157	77,449	271,227
Trade and other payables	8,956	3.55	9,159	9,159	I	I
Financial guarantee	1	I	744,741	744,741	i.	1
	393,728		1,190,394	841,718	77,449	271,227
Derivative financial liabilities						
Cross currency swap	(4,911)	I	(4,911)	(4,911)	1	I
Interest rate swap	229	I	229	229	I	I
	389,046		1,185,712	837,036	77,449	271,227
2014						
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Revolving credit	23,026	4.23 - 4.58	24,042	24,042	I	1
Term loans	290,279	3.91 - 4.56	318,804	55,044	78,852	184,908
Islamic Commercial Papers	15,164	4.33 - 4.57	16,137	9,139	6,998	1
Trade and other payables	11,109	3.55	11,492	11,492	I	I
Financial guarantee	1	1	728,539	728,539		1
	339,578		1,009,014	828,256	85,850	184,908
Derivative financial liabilities						
Cross currency swap	(1, 860)	I	(1,860)	(1,860)	I.	i.
Interest rate swap	(47)	ı	(47)	(47)	1	
	337,671		1,097,107	826,349	85,850	184,908

#### 28.6 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and other prices will affect the Group's and the Company's financial position or cash flows.

#### 28.6.1 Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk arising from transactions that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities. The currency giving rise to this risk is primarily US Dollars.

The management does not view the exposure to other currencies to be significant.

#### Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

The Group's foreign exchange management policies are to minimise exposures arising from currency movements. The Group monitors currency movements closely and may enter into foreign currency swaps, forward foreign currency contracts and options to limit its exposure when the needs arise.

#### Exposure to foreign currency risk

The Group's main exposure to foreign currency (a currency which is other than the functional currency of the Group entities) risk, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period was:

	Denomina	ated in USD	
	2015	2014	
Group	RM'000	RM'000	
Trade receivables	43,663	43,933	
Unsecured bank loans	(8,858)	(16,233)	
Trade payables	(3,578)	(3,764)	
Forward exchange contracts	(19,819)	(21,014)	
Cash and cash equivalents	4,765	3,537	
Net exposure	16,173	6,459	

#### Currency risk sensitivity analysis

A 1.50% (2014: 1.50%) strengthening of RM against USD at the end of the reporting period would have increased (decreased) equity and post-tax profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remained constant and ignores any impact of forecasted sales and purchases.

		2015		2014
	Equity RM'000	Profit or (loss) RM'000	Equity RM'000	Profit or (loss) RM'000
Group				
USD	-	(182)	-	(73)

#### 28.6 Market risk (continued)

#### 28.6.1 Currency risk (continued)

#### Currency risk sensitivity analysis (continued)

A 1.50% (2014: 1.50%) weakening of RM against USD at the end of the reporting period would have had equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above, on the basis that all other variables remained constant.

## 28.6.2 Interest rate risk

The Group's and the Company's fixed rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in their fair value due to changes in interest rates. The Group's and the Company's variable rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in cash flows due to changes in interest rates. Investments in equity securities and short term receivables and payables are not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

#### Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

In managing interest rate risk, the Group and the Company maintains a balanced portfolio of fixed and floating rate instruments. All interest rate exposures are monitored and managed by the Group and the Company on a regular basis.

#### Exposure to interest rate risk

The interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period was:

	G	Group	Cor	npany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Fixed rate instruments				
Financial assets	7,136	25,100	580	580
Financial liabilities	(416,896)	(389,369)	(115,000)	(123,334)
	(409,760)	(364,269)	(114,420)	(122,754)
Floating rate instruments				
Financial assets	183,189	167,781	23,226	320,157
Financial liabilities	(340,095)	(264,907)	(275,489)	(215,914)
	(156,906)	(97,126)	(252,263)	104,243

#### Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis

#### (a) Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group and the Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and does not designate derivatives as hedging instruments under a fair value hedge accounting model. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

#### 28.6 Market risk (continued)

#### 28.6.2 Interest rate risk (continued)

Interest rate risk sensitivity analysis (continued)

#### (b) Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 50 basis points (bp) in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would have increased (decreased) the post-tax profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remained constant.

		Profit	or (loss)	
	50 bp	50 bp	50 bp	50 bp
	increase	decrease	increase	decrease
	2015	2015	2014	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group				
Floating rate instruments	(588)	588	(364)	364
Company				
Floating rate instruments	635	(635)	391	(391)

#### 28.6.3 Other price risk

Equity price risk arises from the Group's and the Company's investments in equity securities.

#### Risk management objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk

Investments are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Executive Committee of the Group.

#### Equity price risk sensitivity analysis

The exposure to equity price risk of the Group and the Company are not material and hence, sensitivity analysis is not presented.

#### 28.7 Hedging activities

#### 28.7.1 Cash flow hedge

The Group and the Company has entered into forward exchange contract to hedge the cash flow risk in relation to the potential change in foreign exchange rates totalling RM79,180,000 (2014: RM95,602,000). The forward exchange contract has the same nominal value of RM79,180,000 (2014: RM95,602,000) and is to be settled in full upon maturity. The Group and the Company has also entered into cross currency swap, interest rate swap and commodity options to hedge against cash flow risk in relation to loans in foreign currency, changes in interest rates and commodity prices respectively.

## 28.7 Hedging activities (continued)

#### 28.7.1 Cash flow hedge (continued)

The following table indicates the periods in which the cash flows associated with the derivatives that are expected to occur and affect profit or loss:

expected to occur and anect profit of toss.			
	Carrying	Expected	Under
	amount	cash flows	1 year
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Group			
2015			
Financial liabilities			
Forward exchange contracts			
Outflow	3,141	80,895	80,895
Inflow	-	(77,754)	(77,754)
Cross currency swap	(4,911)	(4,911)	(4,911)
Interest rate swap	229	229	229
2014			
Financial liabilities			
Forward exchange contracts			
Outflow	-	95,343	95,343
Inflow	(259)	(95,602)	(95,602)
Cross currency swap	(1,860)	(1,860)	(1,860)
Interest rate swap	(47)	(47)	(47)
Company			
2015			
Financial liabilities			
Cross currency swap	(4,911)	(4,911)	(4,911)
Interest rate swap	229	229	229
2014			
Financial liabilities			
Cross currency swap	(1,860)	(1,860)	(1,860)
Interest rate swap	(47)	(47)	(47)

During the year, the Group and the Company had recognised net loss of RM2,985,000 and RM625,000 (2014: net gain of RM386,000 and RM261,000) respectively in other comprehensive income.

Ineffectiveness loss amounting to RM17,000 (2014: RM15,000) was recognised by the Group in profit or loss in respect of the hedge. There was no ineffectiveness gain or loss being recognised by the Company.

## 28.8 Fair value information

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, short term receivables and payables and short term borrowings approximate fair values due to the relatively short term nature of these financial instruments.

The carrying amounts of the floating rate borrowings and long term advances to subsidiaries approximate fair values as they are subject to variable interest rates which in turn approximate the current market interest rates for similar loans at the end of the reporting period.

## 28.8 Fair value information (continued)

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value and those not carried at fair value for which fair value is disclosed, together with their fair values and carrying amounts shown in the statements of financial position.

	Fair v	value of fine	Fair value of financial instruments	ments	Fair va	lue of fina	Fair value of financial instruments	uments		
		carried a	carried at fair value		2	ot carried	not carried at fair value	le	Total	Carrying
	Level 1 RM'nnn	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 BM'000	Level 3 RM'DDD	Total RM'000	fair value RM'000	amount
Group										
2015										
<b>Financial assets</b>										
Cross currency swap	1	1	4,911	4,911	I	1	1	I	4,911	4,911
Interest rate swap	1	1	(229)	(229)	I	1	1	1	(229)	(229)
Forward exchange										
contracts	ı.	(3,141)	ı.	(3,141)	1	1	1	i.	(3,141)	(3,141)
	I	(3,141)	4,682	1,541	T	I	I	I	1,541	1,541
<b>Financial liabilities</b> Unsecured fixed rate										
term loans	I.	i.	I.	ı.	1	I	(20,067)	(60,067)	(00,067)	(100,320)
Finance lease liabilities	S	1	ı.	i.	1	1	(1, 165)	(1,165)	(1,165)	(1,367)
	1	1	1	I	I		(100,232) (100,232)	(100,232)	(100,232)	(101,687)

	Fair <b>v</b>	value of fin	Fair value of financial instruments	iments	Fair va	Fair value of financial instruments	ıcial instrı	Iments		
		carried a	carried at fair value		2	not carried at fair value	at fair valu	ē	Total	Carrying
	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	fair value RM'000	amount RM'000
Group 2014										
<b>Financial assets</b>										
Cross currency swap	1	1	1,860	1,860	1	I	1	I	1,860	1,860
Interest rate swap	1	1	47	47	1	1	1	i.	47	47
Forward exchange										
contracts	I	259	T	259	T	T	T	i.	259	259
		259	1,907	2,166	1	1			2,166	2,166
Financial liabilities Unsecured fixed rate										
term loans	1	,	,	I	1	,	(99,376)	(99,376) (99,376)	(99,376)	(100,308)
Finance lease liabilities	Ŝ	1	ı.	i.	T	T	(1,165)	(1,165)	(1,165)	(1,148)
	I	I	I	I	I	I	(100,541) (100,541)	(100,541)	(100,541)	(101,456)

## 28.8 Fair value information (continued)

		-	carried a	carried at fair value			not carried at fair value	at fair valu	le	Total	Carrying
-         -		Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	fair value RM'000	amount RM'000
-         4,911         4,911         -         -         4,911           -         -         (229)         (229)         (229)         -         -         4,911           -         -         (229)         (229)         (229)         -         -         (229)           -         -         4,682         -         -         -         -         4,682           -         -         4,682         -         -         -         -         4,682           -         -         4,682         -         -         -         -         4,682           -         -         -         -         -         -         -         4,682           -	Company 2015										
- $   -$ <td><b>inancial assets</b> Tross currency swap</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>4,911</td> <td>4.911</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>4.911</td> <td>4,911</td>	<b>inancial assets</b> Tross currency swap	1	1	4,911	4.911	1	1	1	1	4.911	4,911
-         4,682         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         4,682         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         4,682         -         -         -         4,682         - </td <td>nterest rate swap</td> <td>i.</td> <td>i.</td> <td>(229)</td> <td>(229)</td> <td>I</td> <td>1 I</td> <td>I.</td> <td>I</td> <td>(229)</td> <td>(229)</td>	nterest rate swap	i.	i.	(229)	(229)	I	1 I	I.	I	(229)	(229)
7000       1,860       1,907		1	I	4,682	4,682	1	I	I	ı	4,682	4,682
any	<b>inancial liabilities</b> Jnsecured fixed rate term loans							(99,067)	(99,067)	(790,067)	(100,320)
1,907 1,907 1,907	Company 2014 iinancial assets Cross currency swap nterest rate swap			1,860 47	1,860 47		1 1	1 1		1,860 47	1,860 47
		1	1	1,907	1,907	1	1	1	1	1,907	1,907

(100, 308)

(99,376)

(96,376)

(96,376)

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term loans

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONTINUED

## 28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

## 28.8 Fair value information (continued)

## 28.8 Fair value information (continued)

#### Policy on transfer between levels

The fair value of an asset to be transferred between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

#### Level 1 fair value

Level 1 fair value is derived from quoted price (unadjusted) in active markets for identical financial assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

#### Level 2 fair value

Level 2 fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the financial assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly.

#### Derivatives

The fair value of forward exchange contracts and commodity option are based on the market price obtained from licensed financial institutions.

## Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair values

There has been no transfer between Level 1 and 2 fair values during the financial year (2014: no transfer in either directions).

#### Level 3 fair value

Level 3 fair value is estimated using unobservable inputs for the financial assets and liabilities.

The following table shows a reconciliation of Level 3 fair values:

	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
Group/Company	1411000	111000
Balance at 1 April 2014/2013	1,907	(3,775)
Gains recognised in profit or loss		
Other income - realised	3,400	5,421
Gains recognised in other comprehensive income		
Cash flow hedge	(625)	261
Balance at 31 March	4,682	1,907

## 28.8 Fair value information (continued)

#### Level 3 fair value (continued)

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in the determination of fair values within Level 3, as well as the key unobservable inputs used in the valuation models.

Туре	Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable input and fair value measurement
(a) Financial ir	struments carried at fair value		
Derivative used for hedging	The fair value of cross currency swap and interest rate swap are based on broker quotes. Those quotes are tested for reasonableness by discounting estimated future cash flows based	Exchange rate at maturity	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the foreign currency rate were strengthen (weaken).
	on the terms and maturity of each contract and using spot rate and market interest rates respectively for a similar instrument at the measurement date.	Interest rate (2015: 3-5%; 2014: 3-5%)	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if the interest rate were higher (lower).

## (b) Financial instruments not carried at fair value

## 29. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

	Gr	oup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Capital commitments:		
Property, plant and equipment		
Authorised but not contracted for	156,918	206,667
Contracted but not provided for in the financial statements	43,790	88,295

## **30. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Group and the Company defines capital as the total equity and debt. The objective of the Group's and the Company's capital management is to maintain an optimal capital structure and ensuring funds availability to support business operations and maximises shareholders value. The Group and the Company monitors debts to equity ratio to ensure compliance with management policies as well as maintaining shareholders' confidence in the management.

## **31. OPERATING LEASES**

Non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	G	iroup
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Less than one year	154	547
Between one and five years	162	869
More than five years	386	386
	702	1,802

The subsidiaries lease land, retail outlets and equipment under operating lease. For the land under operating leases, the lease typically run for a period ranging from 15 to 25 years, with an option to renew the lease after that date. None of the operating leases for land includes contingent rentals. For the retail outlets and equipment, the leases typically run for an initial period of three years with an option to renew the leases after the expiry date for another three years.

## **32. RELATED PARTIES**

#### Identity of related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related parties also include key management personnel defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group either directly or indirectly. The key management personnel include all the Directors of the Group, and certain members of senior management of the Group.

The Group and the Company have related party relationship with its subsidiaries, associates, Directors and key management personnel.

## 32. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

## Significant related party transactions

Related party transactions have been entered into in the normal course of business under normal trade terms. The significant related party transactions of the Group and the Company are as follows:

	G	roup
	2015 RM'000	2014 RM'000
With companies in which Dr Ng Siew Thiam, Chia Song Kun, Chia Song Phuan,		
Chia Teow Guan, Cheah Yaw Song, Cheah Juw Teck, Chia Song Pou, Chia Seong Fatt,		
Chia Song Swa, Chia Song Kooi, Heng Hup Peng and Sim Chin Swee,		
Directors of certain subsidiaries have interests		
Success Portfolio Sdn. Bhd.		
Sales	(5,387)	(3,786)
Fusipim Sdn. Bhd.:		
Sales	(1,240)	(611)
MB Agriculture (Sandakan) Sdn. Bhd.		
Sales	(6,200)	(4,806)
Purchases	947	389
MB Agriculture (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd.:		
Sales	(13,412)	(12,177)
Arena Dijaya Sdn. Bhd.:		
Sales	(4,021)	(3,448)
Keang Huat Trading Sdn. Bhd.:		
Purchases	3,892	3,311
Perikanan Sri Tanjung Sdn. Bhd.:		
Purchases	920	1,086
Visible Triumph Sdn. Bhd.		
Sales	(1,638)	(2,240)
RubyTech Resources Sdn. Bhd.		
Sale of land	-	(10,000)
Green Breeder Sdn. Bhd.:		
Sales	(17,972)	(10,909)
Timurikan Trengganu Marine Products Sdn. Bhd.:		(
Sales	(150)	(439)
Purchases	629	885
C Care Enterprise Sdn. Bhd.:		
Sales	(3,345)	(4,038)
Purchases	149	(.,
Sin Teow Fatt Trading Co.:	2.10	
Purchases	614	508
E Koon Plastic Trading:	011	500
Purchases	1,539	864
Hai Hong Fishery Sdn. Bhd.:	1,000	001
Purchases	479	_
Leisure Junction Sdn. Bhd.:	775	
Sale of land	_	(18,482)
Sale of tand	_	(10,402)
With a person connected to Cheah Yaw Song and Cheah Juw Teck,		
Directors of certain subsidiaries have interests		
Cheah Joo Kiang:		
Sales	(2,933)	(3,048)
Suits	(2,333)	(3,0+8)
Associates		
Gross dividends received	(1 817)	(2617)
Warehousing services	(4,817) 8,424	(2,647)
	0,424	6,385
Sales of feed	(38,061)	(42,610)

## 32. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

## Significant related party transactions (continued)

	Со	mpany
	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000
Subsidiaries		
Administrative charges	-	(723)
Finance income	(17,627)	(11,166)
Finance costs	933	1,693
Management fee income	-	(38)
Net dividend received	(67,268)	(154,870)
Rental expenses	-	130

The key management personnel compensation are as follows:

	G	roup	Cor	npany
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Directors of the Company				
- Fees	1,279	1,134	867	714
- Remuneration	9,468	8,680	11	321
- Other short-term employee benefits				
(including estimated monetary value of				
benefits-in-kind)	117	127	-	28
	10,864	9,941	878	1,063
Directors of subsidiaries				
- Fees	351	350	24	24
- Remuneration	8,907	8,537	-	141
- Other short-term employee benefits (including estimated monetary value of				
benefits-in-kind)	104	46	-	-
	9,362	8,933	24	165
Other key management personnel	1 221	1 720		211
<ul> <li>Remuneration</li> <li>Other short-term employee benefits (including estimated monetary value of</li> </ul>	1,231	1,738	-	311
benefits-in-kind)	-	7	-	2
	1,231	1,745	-	313
	21,457	20,619	902	1,541

Other key management personnel comprises persons other than the Directors of Group entities having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group entities either directly or indirectly.

## **33. SUBSIDIARIES**

The principal activities of the subsidiaries and the interest of QL Resources Berhad are as follows:

Name of Company	Principal activities	Effective o intere	
	Principal activities	2015	2014
QL Feedingstuffs Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding, provision	100	100
and its subsidiaries	of management services, and		
	distribution of animal feeds,		
	raw materials and food grain		
QL Agrofood Sdn. Bhd.	Processing and sale of animal	100	100
	feeds, trading of raw materials		
	for animal feeds, lubricants		
	and foodstuffs		
QL Agroventures Sdn. Bhd.	Layer and broiler farming	100	100
QL Agrobio Sdn. Bhd.	Commercial production and	51	51
	supply of biologically digested		
	feeding raw materials		
QL KK Properties Sdn. Bhd.	Property holding	100	100
Maxincome Resources Sdn. Bhd.	Provision of management services	100	100
Chingsan Development Sdn. Bhd.	Property holding	100	100
QL Tawau Feedmill Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacture and sale of animal	100	100
	feeds and providing chicken		
	parts processing service		
QL Feed Sdn. Bhd.	Marketing and distribution of animal	100	100
	feed raw material and food grain		
QL Realty Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	100
and its subsidiaries			
PT QL Trimitra**	Integrated broiler farming	80	80
	and its related activities		
PT QL Agrofood**	Layer farming and poultry	100	100
	feed manufacturing		
Pacific Vet Group (M) Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiary	Investment holding	90	90
QL Pacific Vet Group Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of feed supplement,	90	90
	animal health food and		
	agricultural products		
QL AgroResources Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding, feed	95	95
and its subsidiaries	milling, selling and distribution		
	of animal feeds, raw materials		
	and other related products		
QL Livestock Farming Sdn. Bhd.	Poultry farming, feed milling	95	95
-	as well as selling and		
	distribution of animal feeds,		
	poultry and related products		

Name of Company	Principal activities	Effective ownership interest (%)		
Name of Company	Principal activities	2015	<b>201</b> 4	
Gelombang Elit (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Property holding	95	95	
QL TP Fertilizer Sdn. Bhd.	Producing and selling organic	48.45	48.4	
	fertilizer and food grain			
QL Farms Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding,	100	10	
and its subsidiaries	layer and broiler farming,			
	wholesale of frozen chicken			
	parts, manufacturing and			
	sales of organic fertilizer			
Adequate Triumph Sdn. Bhd.	Property holding	100	10	
QL Inter-Food Sdn. Bhd.	Trading of goods	100	10	
QL Breeder Farm Sdn. Bhd.	Poultry breeding and farming	100	10	
Merkaya Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	100	10	
QL Ansan Poultry Farm Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding and	90.77	8	
and its subsidiaries	poultry farming			
QL Rawang Poultry Farm Sdn. Bhd.	Property holding	90.77	8	
QL Poultry Farms Sdn. Bhd.#	Layer farming	90.77	10	
Hybrid Figures Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	90.77	8	
QL Vietnam AgroResources	Poultry farming	100	10	
Liability Limited Company***				
QL International Pte. Ltd.****	Dormant	100	10	
PT QL Feed Indonesia**	Dormant	100	10	
QL Oil Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	10	
and its subsidiaries				
QL Plantation Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding, oil palm	100	10	
and its subsidiary	cultivation, processing and			
	marketing of oil palm products			
QL Tawau Biogas Sdn. Bhd.	Operating a biogas power plant	100	10	
QL BioEnergy Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	100	10	
QL Mutiara (S) Pte. Ltd.*	Investment holding	78.42	78.4	
and its subsidiary				
PT Pipit Mutiara Indah **	Oil palm plantation and	74.50	74.5	
	crude palm oil milling			
QL Fishery Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	10	
and its subsidiaries				
QL Marine Products Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding,	100	10	
and its subsidiaries	manufacturing of surimi,			
	surimi-based products and			
	fishmeal as well as processing			
	and sale of frozen seafood			
Icon Blitz Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	100	10	

SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)		Effective ownership	
Name of Company	Principal activities		est (%) 2014
QL Deep Sea Fishing Sdn. Bhd.	Deep sea fishing and sale of subsidised diesel to fishermen	100	100
QL Foods Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding,	100	100
and its subsidiaries	manufacturing of surimi		
	and surimi-based products		
QL Aquaculture Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	100	100
QL Aquamarine Sdn. Bhd.	Aqua-farming	100	100
QL Fishmeal Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding,	100	100
and its subsidiary	manufacturing and trading		
	of fishmeal		
PT QL Hasil Laut**	Manufacturing of surimi	99.97	99.97
	and fishmeal		
QL Endau Marine Products	Investment holding and	70.59	70.59
Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries	manufacturing of surimi		
QL Endau Deep Sea Fishing Sdn. Bhd.	Deep sea fishing	70.59	70.59
QL Endau Fishmeal Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and trading	70.59	70.59
	of fishmeal		
Pilihan Mahir Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	70.59	70.59
Rikawawasan Sdn. Bhd.	Deep sea fishing	70.59	70.59
QL Figo Foods Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding,	100	100
	manufacturing and sale of		
	"halal" food products		
QL Figo (Johor) Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and sale of	100	60
(f.k.a. QL Fujiya Pastry Sdn. Bhd.)#	"halal" food products		
QL Fresh Choice Seafood Sdn. Bhd.	Coastal fish trawling and	100	100
	wholesale of marine products		
QL Lian Hoe Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing and sale of	82	82
	surimi-based products		
QL Lian Hoe (S) Pte. Ltd.*	Investment holding	100	100
and its subsidiary			
Zhongshan True Taste Food	Manufacturing and sale of	100	100
Industrial Co. Ltd.****	food products		
Kuala Kedah Fish Meal Sendirian Berhad	Property investment	100	-
Kembang Subur Sdn. Bhd.	Hatchering and aqua culturing of	63.33	-
and its subsidiaries*****	prawn, shrimps and fishes		
KS Galah Sdn. Bhd. ******	Dormant	63.33	-
KS Monodon Sdn. Bhd. *****	Dormant	63.33	-
Kembang Subur (Perak) Sdn. Bhd. ******	Hatchering and aqua culturing of prawn,	34.83	-
	shrimps and fishes.		
Kembang Subur International Ltd.	Investment holding	32.30	-
and its subsidiary******			

Name of Company	Principal activities	Effective ownership interest (%)	
		2015	2014
Nam Duong Vietnam Aquatic Hatchery Company. Limited*******	Production and sales of aquatic breeds	32.30	-
QL Green Resources Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiaries	Investment holding	100	100
QL Green Energy Sdn. Bhd.	Investment holding	100	97.75
QL Tawau Palm Pellet Sdn. Bhd.#	Operating a palm pellet plant	100	98.85
QL NatureCo Sdn. Bhd. and its subsidiary	Investment holding	100	84.99
QL Palm Pellet Sdn. Bhd.	Development and marketing of "Palm Pelletising System" to produce pellet sized fuel cells called palm pellets	100	84.99
QL ESCO Sdn. Bhd.	Supply of biomass	100	100
QL Carbon Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	100	100
Leisure Pyramid Sdn. Bhd.	Manufacturing of wood pellet	66.67	66.67
QL IPC Sdn. Bhd.	Dormant	100	100
QL Corporate Services Sdn. Bhd.	Provision of management services	100	100

\* Subsidiaries incorporated in Singapore and audited by another firm of accountants.

\*\* Subsidiaries incorporated in Indonesia and audited by another firm of accountants.

\*\*\* Subsidiary incorporated in Vietnam and audited by a member firm of KPMG.

\*\*\*\* Subsidiary incorporated in Labuan and consolidated based on management accounts.

- \*\*\*\*\* Subsidiary incorporated in China, audited by another firm of accountants and consolidated based on management accounts.
- \*\*\*\*\*\* Subsidiaries incorporated in Malaysia, audited by another firm of accountants and consolidated based on management accounts.
- \*\*\*\*\*\*\* Subsidiaries incorporated in Vietnam, audited by another firm of accountants and consolidated based on management accounts.
- # During the year, these subsidiaries were restructured within the Group.

All other subsidiaries are incorporated in Malaysia and audited by KPMG.

## 33.1 The Company's shareholdings in non-wholly owned subsidiaries are as follows:

	Numbe	Number of ordinary shares of RM1		
	At			At
	1.4.2014	Bought	Sold	31.3.2015
Interest in non-wholly owned subsidiaries				
via QL Feedingstuffs Sdn. Bhd.				
Pacific Vet Group (M) Sdn. Bhd.	2,736,000	-	-	2,736,000
and its subsidiary				
QL Pacific Vet Group Sdn. Bhd.	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
QL AgroResources Sdn. Bhd.	10,070,000	-	-	10,070,000
and its subsidiaries				
QL Livestock Farming Sdn. Bhd.	20,000,000	-	-	20,000,000
Gelombang Elit (M) Sdn. Bhd.	352,600	-	-	352,600
QL TP Fertilizer Sdn. Bhd.	255,000	-	-	255,000
QL Ansan Poultry Farm Sdn. Bhd.	17,000,000	15,500,000	(275,000)	32,225,000
and its subsidiaries				
QL Rawang Poultry Farm Sdn. Bhd.	4,400,000	-	_	4,400,000
Hybrid Figures Sdn. Bhd.	2	-	-	2
QL Poultry Farm Sdn.Bhd	-	18,000,000	-	18,000,000
QL Agrobio Sdn. Bhd.	510,000		_	510,000
PT QL Trimitra ##	1,200,000	-	-	1,200,000
Interest in non-wholly owned subsidiaries				
via QL Oil Sdn. Bhd.				
QL Mutiara (S) Pte. Ltd. ##	11,919,998			11,919,998
and its subsidiary	11,919,990	-	-	11,919,990
PT Pipit Mutiara Indah^	2,983,000			2,983,000
	2,985,000	-	-	2,965,000
Interest in non-wholly owned subsidiaries				
via QL Fishery Sdn. Bhd.				
PT QL Hasil Laut ##	2,999,000	-	-	2,999,000
QL Endau Marine Products Sdn. Bhd.	6,723,960	-	-	6,723,960
and its subsidiaries				
QL Endau Deep Sea Fishing Sdn. Bhd.	43,800,000	-	-	43,800,000
QL Endau Fishmeal Sdn. Bhd.	20,100,000	-	-	20,100,000
Pilihan Mahir Sdn. Bhd.	10,000	-	-	10,000
Rikawawasan Sdn. Bhd.	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000
QL Lian Hoe Sdn. Bhd.	8,200,000	-	-	8,200,000
Interest in non-wholly owned subsidiaries				
via QL Green Resources Sdn. Bhd.				
Leisure Pyramid Sdn. Bhd.	800,000	-	-	800,000

## Ordinary shares of USD1.00 each

^ Ordinary shares of RP50,000 each

## 34. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

## 34.1 Acquisition of subsidiaries

During the financial year, the Group acquired the following subsidiaries:

- 100% equity interest in Kuala Kedah Fish Meal Sendirian Berhad ("KKFM") for a cash consideration of RM2,700,000; and
- 63.33% equity interest in Kembang Subur Sdn. Bhd. ("KSSB") for a cash consideration of RM20,910,000.

KKFM is principally engagement in property investment. KSSB principal activities involve the business of marine shrimp hatchery operation for the production and sale of SPF nauplii and post larvae, as well as shrimp grow-out farming, whilst the principal activities of its subsidiaries are as disclosed in Note 33 of the financial statements.

The acquisition had the following effect on the Group's assets and liabilities on acquisition date:

	Pre-acquisition carrying amount RM′000	Fair value adjustments RM'000	Recognised values on acquisition RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	26,906	3,373	30,279
Cash and cash equivalents	14,564	-	14,564
Inventories	812	-	812
Biological assets	1,348	-	1,348
Investment in associate	346	-	346
Trade and other receivables	6,726	-	6,726
Trade and other payables	(8,326)	-	(8,326)
Loans and borrowings	(9,484)	-	(9,484)
Non-controlling interest	(11,717)	-	(11,717)
Deferred tax liabilities	(764)	-	(764)
Provision for taxation	(174)	-	(174)
	20,237	3,373	23,610

Fair value adjustments:

- The fair value of KKFM's leasehold land is valued by independent valuer using the comparison and cost model.
- The fair value of KSSB's freehold land has been determined provisionally pending completion of an independent valuation.

Other than the above, the value of other assets and liabilities recognised on acquisition are their estimated fair values.

## 34. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES AND NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST (CONTINUED)

#### 34.1 Acquisition of subsidiaries (continued)

Net cash outflow arising from acquisition of subsidiaries	RM'000
Purchase consideration settled in cash and cash equivalents	(23,610)
h and cash equivalents acquired	14,564
	(9,046)

#### 34.2 Acquisition of non-controlling interest

34.2.1 In August 2014, the Group, via it's wholly-owned subsidiary, QL Figo Sdn. Bhd. ("QL Figo") acquired the remaining 40% equity interest in QL Figo (Johor) Sdn. Bhd. (f.k.a. QL Fujiya Pastry Sdn. Bhd.) ("QLFJ") for RM2,633,424 in cash, increasing its ownership from 60% to 100%.

Subsequently, QL Figo disposed QLFJ to its holding company, QL Fishery Sdn. Bhd. in October 2014.

34.2.2 In February 2015, the Group, via it's wholly-owned subsidiary, QL Green Resources Sdn. Bhd. ("QLGR") acquired the remaining 15.01% equity interest in QL NatureCo Sdn. Bhd. ("QLNC") for RM2 in cash, increasing its ownership from 84.99% to 100%.

Consequently, the effective interest of the Group in QL Palm Pellet Sdn. Bhd, QL Green Energy Sdn. Bhd. and QL Tawau Palm Pellet Sdn. Bhd., the subsidiaries of QLNC, had increased correspondingly.

#### 34.3 Disposal of non-controlling interest

In December 2014, QL Ansan Poultry Farms Sdn. Bhd. ("QLAN") increased its paid up share capital by 17,000,000 to 32,500,000 where QL Feedingstuffs ("QLFS") acquired 15,500,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each representing 6.55%, increasing its ownership from 85% to 91.55%. The non-controlling interest did not participate in the exercise.

In January 2015, the Group, via its wholly-owned subsidiary, QLFS, disposed off 275,000 equity interest in QLAN for RM1,004,000 in cash, decreasing its ownership from 91.55% to 90.77%.

# 35. SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON THE BREAKDOWN OF REALISED AND UNREALISED PROFITS OR LOSSES

The breakdown of the retained earnings of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March, into realised and unrealised profits, pursuant to the Paragraphs 2.06 and 2.23 of Bursa Malaysia Main Market Listing Requirements, are as follows:

Group		Company	
2015	2014	2015	2014
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
1,005,120	851,217	142,916	108,507
(68,750)	(64,145)	20,578	2,353
936,370	787,072	163,494	110,860
37,960	25,663	-	-
974,330	812,735	163,494	110,860
(104,628)	(89,932)	-	-
869,702	722,803	163,494	110,860
	2015 RM'000	2015         2014           RM'000         RM'000           1,005,120         851,217           (68,750)         (64,145)           936,370         787,072           37,960         25,663           974,330         812,735           (104,628)         (89,932)	2015         2014         2015           RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           1,005,120         851,217         142,916           (68,750)         (64,145)         20,578           936,370         787,072         163,494           37,960         25,663         -           974,330         812,735         163,494           (104,628)         (89,932)         -

The determination of realised and unrealised profits is based on the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, *Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements*, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants on 20 December 2010.

In the opinion of the Directors, the financial statements set out on pages 52 to 144 are drawn up in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

In the opinion of the Directors, the information set out in Note 35 in page 145 to the financial statements has been compiled in accordance with the Guidance on Special Matter No.1, *Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements*, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

**Chia Song Kun** 

Chia Mak Hooi

Shah Alam,

Date: 9 July 2015

# STATUTORY DECLARATION pursuant to Section 169(16) of the Companies Act, 1965

I, **Chia Mak Hooi**, the Director primarily responsible for the financial management of QL Resources Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 52 to 145 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the above named in Klang, in the state of Selangor, on 9 July 2015.

Chia Mak Hooi

Before me: Goh Cheng Teak Commissioner for Oaths Klang, Selangor



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT to the members of QL Resources Berhad

## **REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

We have audited the financial statements of QL Resources Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 31 March 2015 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, as set out on pages 52 to 144.

## Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements so as to give a true and fair view in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## Opinion

In our opinion, these financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 March 2015 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia, we also report the following:

- a) In our opinion, the accounting and other records and the registers required by the Act to be kept by the Company and its subsidiaries of which we have acted as auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- b) We have considered the accounts and the auditors' reports of the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, which are indicated in Note 33 to the financial statements.

- c) We are satisfied that the accounts of the subsidiaries that have been consolidated with the Company's financial statements are in form and content appropriate and proper for the purposes of the preparation of the financial statements of the Group and we have received satisfactory information and explanations required by us for those purposes.
- d) The audit reports on the accounts of the subsidiaries did not contain any qualification or any adverse comment made under Section 174(3) of the Act.

#### **Other Reporting Responsibilities**

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information set out in Note 35 on page 145 to the financial statements has been compiled by the Company as required by the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements and is not required by the Financial Reporting Standards. We have extended our audit procedures to report on the process of compilation of such information. In our opinion, the information has been properly compiled, in all material respects, in accordance with the Guidance of Special Matter No.1, *Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosures Pursuant to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements*, issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants, and presented based on the format prescribed by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

#### **Other Matters**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 174 of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

**KPMG** Firm Number: AF 0758 Chartered Accountants

Petaling Jaya, Selangor

Date: 9 July 2015

Wee Beng Chuan Approval Number: 2677/12/16(J) Chartered Accountant

# LIST OF PROPERTIES

-

As at 31 March 2015

Owner Company	Particulars of property	Date of revaluation or (date of acquisition)	Tenure
PT. Pipit Mutiara Indah	Desa Sekatak Buji, Kecamatan Sekatak, Kabupaten Bulungan, Provinsi Kalimantan Timur	Dec 2009 (date obtained Hak Guna Usaha)	Leasehold to: 30.12.2044
QL Marine Products Sdn. Bhd.	1. CL045081687	(27.12.2002)	1. Leasehold to 31.12.2104
	2. CL045076042 Kampung Bolong, District of Tuaran, Sabah	(19.09.2003)	2. Leasehold to 27.04.2929
QL Foods Sdn. Bhd.	GM 1033, Lot 3315 GM1149A, Lot 3316 GM1128, Lot 3317 GM750, Lot 3318 GM717, Lot 3319 Mukim of Hutan Melintang District of Hilir Perak, Perak	(08.02.2012)	Freehold
Gelombang Elit (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Lot 8157, Block 59, – Muara Tuang Land District	(07.10.2011)	Leasehold to: 02.11.2060
QL Livestock Farming Sdn. Bhd.			
QL Foods Sdn. Bhd.	Lot 3300 & 3301 held under GM514A & GM1517 Mukim of Hutan Melintang District of Hilir Perak, Perak	(05.03.2008)	Freehold
QL Feedingstuffs Sdn. Bhd.	PT76108, GRN 104808 Lot 76108 (Fasa D9) ,Persiaran Balairong, Bukit Jelutong (TK-Pejabat Korporat) Shah Alam, 40150 Shah Alam	(June 2011)	Freehold
QL Fishmeal Sdn. Bhd.	Lot 164, 2647 & 3314 GM1653, GM1416 & GM2415 Mukim of Hutan Melintang, District of Hilir Perak, Perak Lot 2647, Jalan Tepi Sungai	(Nov 2003)	Freehold
QL Endau Fishmeal Sdn. Bhd.	36400 Hutan Melintang, Perak H.S.(M) 1763, PTD 4159 Jalan Tg. Merit, Mukim Padang Endau, District of Mersing, Johor	(02.01.2009)	Leasehold to: 25.11.2061
QL Plantation Sdn. Bhd.	CL105355977 Mile 42, alongside Tawau-Kunak Highway, District of Tawau, Sabah	December 1998	Leasehold to: 31.12.2076
QL BioEnergy Sdn. Bhd.	Lot 13 & 13A POIC Phase 1 Lahad Datu	(28.08.2006)	Leasehold to: 31.12.2104
150			

Existing use	Land & Build-up area	Net Book Value (RM'000)	Age of building (years)
Oil Palm Estate together with palm oil mill & building thereon	14,157 ha Build-up area 20.0 ha	145,462	6
Surimi , Fishmeal & Frozen Seafood Plant	26 acres	3,006	11
	3 acres Build-up area 21,448 sq. m.	213 17,204 20,423	
One unit of Snack Foods Factory (WIP)	Gross build-up area of 7,792 sq.m.	18,800	1
	4.4895 ha		
 Slaughter House	1.49 ha	159	N/A
Slaughter House	Build-up area 4,968 sq.m.	17,327 17,486	1
Boiler House, Warehouse & Surimi based products factory building	Gross build-up area of 12,335 sq.m.	17,123	7
	2.2611 ha		
Industrial land	2.72 acres	16,496	N/A
 Fishmeal factory, warehouse cum office	Gross build-up area of 7,544 sq. m.	11,676	11
	4.365 ha		
 Fishmeal factory Warehouse Office	1.3152 ha Build-up area 6,131 sq. m.	10,208	6 6 5
Agricultural land planted with oil palm together with Palm Oil Mill	81.06 ha	10,170	17
 & Building thereon	Build-up area 31.00 ha		
Industrial Land	871,200 sq. ft.	9,920	N/A

# SHAREHOLDERS' ANALYSIS REPORT as at 30 June 2015

Authorised share capital	:	RM500,000,000.00
Issued and paid-up capital	:	RM312,007,357.50
Type of shares	:	Ordinary shares of RM0.25 each
Voting rights	:	One vote per ordinary share

## Shareholders by Size of Holdings, Directors' Shareholdings and Substantial Shareholders

No. of Holders	Holdings	Total Holdings	%
163	less than 100	4,490	0.00
617	100 to 1,000	351,055	0.03
2,968	1,001 to 10,000	13,621,742	1.09
2,101	10,001 to 100,000	64,618,858	5.18
601	100,001 to less than 5%	546,389,383	43.78
	of issued shares		
3	5% and above of issued shares	623,043,902	49.92
6,453		1,248,029,430	100.00

## **Directors' Shareholdings**

		No. of sl	hares held	
Name of directors	Direct	%^	Indirect	%^
YM Tengku Dato' Zainal Rashid				
Bin Tengku Mahmood	3,870,000	0.31	-	-
Chia Song Kun	675,000	0.05	537,919,566*	43.10
Chia Seong Pow	2,200,000	0.18	155,174,070#	12.43
Chia Song Kooi	870,000	0.07	529,528,322**	42.43
Chia Seong Fatt	486,000	0.04	153,536,210##	12.30
Chia Song Swa	567,000	0.05	528,187,522**	42.32
Chia Mak Hooi	1,068,000	0.09	533,394,572@	42.74
Cheah Juw Teck	2,265,350	0.18	7,309,700+	0.59
Chieng Ing Huong, Eddy	-	-	-	-
Tan Bun Poo, Robert	-	-	-	-

Notes:

- \* Deemed interest via his and his spouse's interest in CBG Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("CBG"), Attractive Features Sdn. Bhd., his and his spouse's indirect interest in Ruby Technique Sdn. Bhd. ("RT") as well as his spouse's, children's and their spouse's shares in QL.
- \*\* Deemed interest via his interest in CBG and indirect interest in RT and his spouse's shares in QL.
- # Deemed interest via his and his spouse's beneficial shareholding in Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("FH"), his and his spouse's indirect interest in RT, his spouse's, children's and their spouse's shares in QL.
- ## Deemed interest via his and his spouse's beneficial shareholding in FH, his and his spouse's indirect interest in RT and his children's shares in QL.
- @ Deemed interest via his and his father's interest in CBG, his and his father's indirect interest in RT and his father's and his spouse's shares in QL.
- Deemed interest via his spouse's and his parent's shares in QL. +
- Based on the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company comprising 1,248,029,430 ordinary shares. Λ

## **Substantial Shareholders**

Name of Shareholders		Direct	%	Indirect	%
1	CBG Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	525,041,822	42.07	-	-
2	Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	150,734,510	12.08	-	-
3	Chia Song Kun	675,000	0.05	537,919,566	43.10
4	Chia Seong Pow	2,200,000	0.18	155,174,070	12.43
5	Chia Song Kooi	870,000	0.07	529,528,322	42.43
6	Chia Seong Fatt	486,000	0.04	153,536,210	12.30
7	Chia Song Swa	567,000	0.05	528,187,522	42.32
8	Chia Mak Hooi	1,068,000	0.09	533,394,572	42.74

## List of 30 Largest Shareholders

Name of Shareholders Si		Shareholdings	%
1	CBG HOLDINGS SDN BHD	409,001,822	32.77
2	FARSATHY HOLDINGS SDN BHD	124,642,080	9.99
3	AMSEC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT - AMBANK ISLAMIC BERHAD FOR CBG HOLDINGS SDN BHD	89,400,000	7.16
4	AMSEC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT - AMBANK (M) BERHAD FOR CBG HOLDINGS SDN BHD	25,950,000	2.08
5	AMSEC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT - AMBANK ISLAMIC BERHAD FOR FARSATHY HOLDINGS SDN BHD	25,400,000	2.04
6	CARTABAN NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BERHAD	19,434,578	1.56
7	HSBC NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : TNTC FOR MONDRIAN EMERGING MARKETS SMALL CAP EQUITY FUND,	14,069,100 L.P.	1.13
8	CITIGROUP NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND BOARD (AFFIN-HWG)	12,337,200	0.99
9	HSBC NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON (MELLON ACCT)	8,971,700	0.72
10	MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : ETIQA TAKAFUL BERHAD (FAMILY PRF EQ)	8,920,370	0.71
11	AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD BENEFICIARY : AMANAH SAHAM WAWASAN 2020	7,039,402	0.56
12	AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD BENEFICIARY : AMANAH SAHAM NASIONAL 2	6,779,100	0.54
13	HSBC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : HSBC (M) TRUSTEE BHD FOR AFFIN HWANG SELECT OPPORTUNITY FUN	6,661,420 D (3969)	0.53

## List of 30 Largest Shareholders (continued)

Name of Shareholders Sh		hareholdings	%
14	AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD BENEFICIARY : PUBLIC ITTIKAL SEQUEL FUND	6,246,000	0.50
15	AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD BENEFICIARY : PB ISLAMIC EQUITY FUND	6,152,350	0.49
16	TOKIO MARINE LIFE INSURANCE MALAYSIA BHD BENEFICIARY : AS BENEFICIAL OWNER (PF)	6,115,850	0.49
17	AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD BENEFICIARY : AMANAH SAHAM NASIONAL 3 IMBANG	6,102,500	0.49
18	LIU SIN	6,012,240	0.48
19	CHIA TEOW GUAN	5,860,050	0.47
20	CITIGROUP NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EMPLOYEES PROVIDENT FUND BOARD (AMUNDI)	5,500,000	0.44
21	AMANAHRAYA TRUSTEES BERHAD	5,282,500	0.42
22	MALACCA EQUITY NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR PHILLIP CAPITAL MANAGEMENT SDN BHD (EPF)	5,113,090	0.41
23	HLIB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR NG SAI BEE @ NG SAU BEE (CCTS)	4,986,100	0.40
24	KUMPULAN WANG PERSARAAN (DIPERBADANKAN)	4,828,300	0.39
25	CHIA SIANG ENG	4,764,465	0.38
26	HSBC NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : EXEMPT AN FOR JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION (U.S.A	4,645,489 )	0.37
27	LIU FUI MOY	4,591,200	0.37
28	ATTRACTIVE FEATURES SDN. BHD.	4,545,000	0.36
29	CITIGROUP NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA NATIONAL TRUST FUND (HWANG)	4,490,290	0.36
30	HSBC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD BENEFICIARY : HSBC (M) TRUSTEE BHD FOR AFFIN HWANG AIIMAN GROWTH FUND (4207	4,419,600 )	0.35
		848,261,796	67.97



# NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 18th Annual General Meeting has been scheduled on Thursday, 27 August 2015 at 10.00 a.m. to be held at Glenmarie Ballroom, Holiday Inn Kuala Lumpur Glenmarie, 1 Jalan Usahawan U1/8, 40250 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan.

# AGENDA As Ordinary Business:

(1)	To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2015 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.	Refer to Explanatory Notes 1
(2)	To approve the payment of a final single tier dividend of 4.25 sen per ordinary share of RM0.25 each in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2015.	Ordinary Resolution 1
(3)	To re-elect the following Directors who retire in accordance with Article No. 97 of the Company's Articles of Association and being eligible, offers themselves for re-election:	
	Chia Song Kun	Ordinary
	Chia Seong Pow	Resolution 2 Ordinary
	Chia Seong Fatt	Resolution 3 Ordinary Resolution 4
(4)	To approve the Directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 March 2015.	Ordinary
(5)	To re-appoint Messrs. KPMG as the auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.	Resolution 5 Ordinary Resolution 6
As S	pecial Business:	
	To consider and if thought fit, pass the following resolutions:-	
(6)	"THAT YM Tengku Dato' Zainal Rashid Bin Tengku Mahmood, retiring pursuant to Section 129(6) of the Companies Act, 1965, be and is hereby re-appointed a Director of the Company and to hold office until the next annual general meeting."	Ordinary Resolution 7
(7)	Retention of Independent Non-Executive Directors	
	"THAT approval be and is hereby given to YM Tengku Dato' Zainal Rashid Bin Tengku Mahmood who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than fifteen (15) years, to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in accordance with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012."	Ordinary Resolution 8
	"THAT approval be and is hereby given to Chieng Ing Huong, Eddy who has served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than thirteen (13) years, to continue to act as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company in accordance with the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2012."	Ordinary Resolution 9
(8)	Authority to Directors to allot and issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965	Ordinary Resolution 10
	"THAT purcuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act. 1965, and subject to the approval of all	

"THAT pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965, and subject to the approval of all relevant authorities being obtained, the Directors be and are hereby empowered to issue shares

in the Company at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed 10% of the issued capital of the Company for the time being and that the Directors be and are also empowered to obtain the approval for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares so issued on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company."

### (9) **Proposed Renewal of Share Buy Back Authority**

"THAT approval be and is hereby given to the Company to, from time to time, purchase through Bursa Securities such number of ordinary shares of RM0.25 each in the Company ("Shares") and/or retain such Shares so purchased as treasury shares ("Treasury Shares") as may be determined by the Directors of the Company upon such terms and conditions as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the best interests of the Company provided that the aggregate number of Shares purchased and/or retained as Treasury Shares shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company at the time of purchase ("Proposed Share Buy Back");

THAT the maximum amount of funds to be utilised for the purpose of the Proposed Share Buy Back shall not exceed the Company's aggregate retained profits and share premium account;

THAT upon the purchase by the Company of its own Shares, the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to:-

- (a) cancel all or part of the Shares so purchased; and/or
- (b) retain all or part of the Shares so purchased as Treasury Shares; and/or
- (c) distribute the Treasury Shares as share dividends to the Company's shareholders for the time being and/or to resell the Treasury Shares on Bursa Securities;

THAT such authority from shareholders of the Company will be effective immediately upon passing of this ordinary resolution and will continue to be in force until:-

- the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company at which time the authority shall lapse unless by ordinary resolution passed at that meeting the authority is renewed either unconditionally or subject to conditions; or
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM is required by law to be held; or
- (iii) revoked or varied by ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting;

whichever occurs first, but not so as to prejudice the completion of purchase(s) by the Company before the aforesaid expiry date and in any event, in accordance with the provisions of the guidelines issued by Bursa Securities or any other relevant authority;

AND THAT authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to take all such steps as are necessary, including the opening and maintaining of a central depositories account(s) and entering into all other agreements, arrangements and guarantees with any party or parties to implement, finalise and give full effect to and to implement the Proposed Share Buy Back with full powers to assent to any conditions, modifications, revaluations, variations and/ or amendments (if any) as may be required or imposed by the relevant authorities from time to time and to do all such acts and things as the Directors may deem fit and expedient in the best interest of the Company."

## Ordinary Resolution 11

## (10) Proposed Renewal of and New Shareholders' Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Ordinary Transactions of a Revenue or Trading Nature ("Proposed Renewal of and New RRPT Resolution 12 Mandate")

"THAT approval be and is hereby given to the Company and its subsidiaries to renew the shareholders' mandate and seek new shareholders' mandate for the recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature as set out in Section 2.2.4 of the Circular to Shareholders dated 30 July 2015 with the related parties described therein which are necessary for the Group's day to day operations, carried out in the normal course of business, at arm's length, on normal commercial terms, not more favourable to the related parties than those generally available to the public and are not detriment of the minority shareholders;

THAT such approval shall continue to be in force until:-

- (i) the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company following the general meeting at which such mandate was passed, at which time it will lapse, unless by a resolution passed at the meeting, the authority is renewed; or
- the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting after the date it is required to be held pursuant to Section 143(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 ("CA") (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 143(2) of the CA); or
- (iii) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in general meeting, whichever is the earlier.

AND THAT the Directors of the Company be authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including all such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary to give effect to the Proposed Renewal of and New RRPT Mandate."

(11) To transact any other business for which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association and the Companies Act, 1965.

### Notice of Dividend Entitlement and Payment

**NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN** that the final dividend, if approved, will be paid on 15 September 2015 to shareholders whose names appear in the Record of Depositors of the Company at the close of business on 2 September 2015.

A Depositor shall qualify for entitlement only in respect of:

- (a) Shares transferred into the Depositor's Securities Account before 4.00 p.m. on 2 September 2015 in respect of transfers; and
- (b) Shares bought on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad on a cum entitlement basis according to the Rules of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

### **BY ORDER OF THE BOARD**

**Ng Geok Ping** (MAICSA 7013090) Company Secretary

Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan 30 July 2015

#### NOTES:-

PROXY:

- 1. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint up to two proxies to attend and vote in his place. Where a member appoints two proxies, he shall specify the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. A proxy can be any person and there shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and paragraphs (a), (b) and (d) of Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply.
- 2. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depository) Act, 1991 which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 3. Only members whose name appears on the Register of Depositors as at 19 August 2015 shall be entitled to attend the said meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend and/or vote on his behalf.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at No. 16A, Jalan Astaka U8/83, Bukit Jelutong, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan, at least 48 hours before the appointed time of holding the Meeting.
- 5. In the case of a corporation, the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES ON ORDINARY / SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

#### 1. Item 1 of the Agenda

This Agenda item is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 169(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 does not require a formal approval of the shareholders for the Audited Financial Statements. Hence, this Agenda item is not put forward for voting.

#### 2. Ordinary Resolution 7

The re-appointment of YM Tengku Dato' Zainal Rashid Bin Tengku Mahmood, a person over the age of seventy (70) years as Director of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company shall take effect if the proposed Ordinary Resolution 7 has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths (3/4) of such members as being entitled to vote in person or, where proxies are allowed, by proxy, at the 18th AGM.

#### 3. Ordinary Resolution 8

YM Tengku Dato' Zainal Rashid Bin Tengku Mahmood was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 3 January 2000, and has, therefore served the Company for more than fifteen (15) years. He met the criteria of an Independent Director as defined in Chapter 1 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. He has performed his duty diligently and in the best interest of the Company and has provided independent judgement and broader views and balanced assessments to the proposals from the Management with his diverse experience and expertise. The Board, therefore recommends that he should be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director.

#### 4. Ordinary Resolution 9

Mr Chieng Ing Huong, Eddy was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 24 December 2001, and has, therefore served the Company for more than thirteen (13) years. He met the criteria of an Independent Director as defined in Chapter 1 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. He has performed his duty diligently and in the best interest of the Company and has provided independent judgement and broader views and balanced assessments to the proposals from the Management with his diverse experience and expertise. The Board, therefore recommends that he should be retained as an Independent Non-Executive Director.

#### 5. Ordinary Resolution 10

The proposed resolution is a renewal of the general authority for the Directors to issue shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965. If passed will empower the Directors from the date of the above Annual General Meeting until the next Annual General Meeting to allot and issue shares in the Company up to an amount not exceeding in total 10% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being for such purposes as the Directors consider would be in the interests of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the next Annual General Meeting.

The Company has not issued any new shares pursuant to Section 132D of the Companies Act, 1965 under the general mandate which was approved at the 17th AGM of the Company held on 22 August 2014 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the 18th AGM. A renewal of this authority is being sought at the 18th AGM.

The general authority to issue shares will allow the Company to take advantage of any strategic opportunities, including but not limited to, issuance of new shares for purpose of funding investment project(s), working capital and/or acquisitions which require new shares to be allotted and issued. This would avoid any delay and costs in convening a general meeting to specifically approve such an issue of shares.

#### 6. Ordinary Resolution 11

The proposed resolutions, if passed, will empower the Company to purchase and/or hold up to 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company. This authority unless revoked or varied by the Company at a General Meeting will expire at the next Annual General Meeting of the Company. For further information, please refer to the Circular dated 30 July 2015.

#### 7. Ordinary Resolution 12

The proposed resolutions are shareholders' mandate required under Part E, Chapter 10.09 and Chapter 10.02 of the Listing Requirements of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The said Proposed Renewal and New RRPT Mandate if passed, will mandate the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into categories of recurrent transactions of a revenue or trading nature and with those related parties as specified in Section 2.2.2 of the Circular dated 30 July 2015. The mandate is subject to annual renewal and disclosure is made in the annual report of the aggregate value of transactions conducted pursuant to the shareholders' mandate during the financial year. The interested director, interested major shareholder or interested person connected with a director or major shareholder; and where it involves the interest of an interested person connected with a director or major shareholder, must not vote on the resolutions approving the transactions. An interested director or interested major shareholder must ensure that persons connected to him abstain from voting on the resolutions approving the transactions.

of Revenue or Trading Nature of QL Resources Berhad Group

# **EXISTING RRPT**

EX		1	Estimated Value from the date of the forthcoming AGM to the next AGM *	Mandate obtained from last year's AGM	Actual transacted value for the period from 23 August 2014 to 30 June 2015
	Nature of Transaction	<b>Related Parties</b>	(RM'000)	(RM'000)	(RM'000)
1	Sale of animal feed by QL Livestock Farming Sdn. Bhd. ("QLLF")	Green Breeder Sdn. Bhd.	24,000	15,000	18,539@
2	Sale of animal feed by QLLF	Success Portfolio Sdn. Bhd.	6,000	6,000	5,156
3	Purchase of fish by QL Foods Sdn. Bhd. ("QL Foods")	Sin Teow Fatt Trading Co.	800	800	471
4	Sale of surimi by QL Group	Fusipim Sdn. Bhd.	1,800	1,800	1,087
5	Sale of surimi-based product by QL Foods	Mr Cheah Joo Kiang	4,260	3,650	2,772
6	Purchase of spare part by Endau Group	Keang Huat Trading Sdn. Bhd.	3,000	3,500	3,164
7	Purchase of fish by Endau Group	Perikanan Sri Tanjung Sdn. Bhd.	1,500	1,500	654
8	Trading of fish by Endau Group	Timurikan Trengganu Marine Products Sdn. Bł	1,500 nd.	2,000	294
9	Sale of animal feed by QL Agrofood Sdn. Bhd.	M.B. Agriculture (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd.	15,000	15,000	12,022
10	Sale of egg, broiler and surimi-based product by QL Agroventures Sdn. Bhd.		3,000	3,000	562
11	Sale of surimi-based product by QL Foods	C Care Enterprise Sdn. Bhd. ("C Care")	1,200	1,000	737
12	Trading of chicken part, sale of egg and purchase of meat/other frozen product by QL Farms Group		1,500	2,165	816
13	Sale of animal feed by QL Tawau Feedmill Sdn. Bhd. ("QLTF")	Arena Dijaya Sdn. Bhd. ("Arena Dijaya")	5,000	4,500	4,061

# **EXISTING RRPT (CONTINUED)**

	Nature of Transaction	Related Parties	Estimated Value from the date of the forthcoming AGM to the next AGM * (RM'000)	Mandate obtained from last year's AGM (RM'000)	Actual transacted value for the period from 23 August 2014 to 30 June 2015 (RM'000)
14	Purchase of packing material and sale of organic fertilizer by QL Farms Group	Arena Dijaya Sdn. Bhd.	20	21	
15	Sales of animal feed by QLTF		6,000	5,500	5,354
16	Purchase of fresh fruit bunch by QL Plantation Sdn. Bhd. ("QLP")	M.B. Agriculture (Sandakan) Sdn. Bhd. ("MBAS")	1,200	2,000	645
17	Purchase of raw material and packing material as well as sale of chicken part, egg and sundries by QL Farms Group		300	252	211
18	Purchase of packing material by QL Group	E Koon Plastics Trading	2,050	1,750	1,265

# The following RRPT will be sought on aggregated basis as per item no. 4 and no. 18 in the abovementioned table

		Estimated Value from the date of the forthcoming AGM to the next AGM *	Mandate obtained from last year's AGM	Actual transacted value for the period from 23 August 2014 to 30 June 2015
Nature of Transaction	Related Parties	<b>(RM'000</b> )	<b>(RM'000</b> )	(RM'000)
Sale of surimi by QL Foods	Fusipim Sdn. Bhd.	800	800	553
Sale of surimi by Endau Group	Fusipim Sdn. Bhd.	1,000	1,000	534
Purchase of packing material by QL Foods	E Koon Plastics Trading	1,800	1,500	1,186
Purchase of packing material by Endau Group	E Koon Plastics Trading	250	250	79

## **NEW RRPT**

Nature of Transaction	Related Parties	Estimated Value from the date of the forthcoming AGM to the next AGM * (RM'000)
Purchase of fresh fruit bunch by QLP	<ul> <li>Uiskalakal Drawartias Cda, Dhd</li> </ul>	200
Sale of organic fertilizer by QL Farms Group	<ul> <li>Highglobal Properties Sdn. Bhd.</li> </ul>	60
Trading of fish by Endau Group	Perikanan Hap Huat Sdn. Bhd.	100
Purchase of fish by Endau Group	Hai Hong Fishery Sdn. Bhd.	600
Sale of frozen fish by QL Marine Products Sdn. Bhd.	C Care	1,000
Purchase of ERP fertilizer by QLP		40
Sale of broiler, meat/frozen food and organic fertilizer by QL Farms Group	► MBAS	180
Purchase of packing material by QL Fishmeal Sdn. Bhd.	E Koon Plastics Trading	50
Sale of flour-based product by QL Figo Foods Sdn. Bhd.	Fusipim	700

## Notes:

- \* The new estimated value is based on the Management's estimate which takes into account the transacted amount for the financial year ended 31 March 2015 as well as the changing economic and competitive environment. Announcement will be made accordingly if the actual value exceeds the estimated value by 10% or more.
- @ This transaction had exceeded the estimated value by 10% or more mainly due to the increased in feed price, increased in livestock production volume in Green Breeder Sdn. Bhd. and higher total bill after imposition of 6% Goods & Services Tax. Announcement was made to Bursa Securities on 6 July 2015.

### **Classes of Related Parties**

The Proposed Renewal of and New RRPT Mandate will apply to the following Related Parties:

- (i) Green Breeder Sdn. Bhd. is a company involved in livestock breeding. The directors are Dr Ng Siew Thiam ("Dr Ng") and his spouse, Chew Ching Kwang. The major shareholder (87.5%) is May Hoo Trading Sdn. Bhd., a company owned by Dr Ng and his spouse. Dr Ng is a Director of QL Livestock Farming Sdn. Bhd. ("QLLF") and QL AgroResources Sdn. Bhd. ("QLAR"). Dr Ng and his spouse combined shareholding in QLAR is 5%. QLAR is 95% owned by QL and the holding company of QLLF.
- (ii) C Care Enterprise Sdn. Bhd. ("C Care") is a retail shop. Mr Chia Soon Hooi and his spouse are directors and shareholders of C Care. Mr Chia Soon Hooi is the son of Mr Chia Teow Guan and the brother of Mr Chia Mak Hooi. Mr Chia Teow Guan is a director of QL Foods Sdn. Bhd. ("QL Foods") and member of the Chia Family whereas Mr Chia Mak Hooi is a director and major shareholder of QL.
- (iii) Fusipim Sdn. Bhd. ("Fusipim") is a company involved in food processing and distribution. The directors and shareholders of Fusipim are Madam Chia Kah Chuan and her spouse Mr Eng Seng Poo. Madam Chia Kah Chuan is a member of the Chia Family.
- (iv) Mr Cheah Joo Kiang is the son of Mr Cheah Yaw Song and the brother of Mr Cheah Juw Teck. Mr Cheah Yaw Song and Mr Cheah Juw Teck are directors of QL Foods and shareholders of QL.

Estimated Value from the

# RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (v) Sin Teow Fatt Trading Co. is a partnership involved in fish wholesale and it is owned by Mr Chia Teow Guan, Mr Chia Song Pou, Mr Cheah Yaw Song and Mr Chia Song Phuan, who are also directors of QL Foods and members of the Chia Family.
- (vi) Keang Huat Trading Sdn. Bhd. ("KH") is a trading company of all kinds of hardware, marine engines and fishing equipment. Mr Lim Kwan Cheang, Mr Sim Chin Swee and Mr Chua Lee Guan are directors and substantial shareholders of KH. KH is a major shareholder (10.88%) of QL Endau Marine Products Sdn. Bhd. ("QLEMP"). Mr Sim Chin Swee is also a director of Endau Group and shareholder of QLEMP. QLEMP is 70.59% owned by QL.
- (vii) Perikanan Sri Tanjung Sdn. Bhd. ("PST") is into deep sea fishing, diesel and transportation services. Mr Lim Kwan Cheang, Mr Sim Chin Swee, Mr Heng Hup Peng, Mr Heng Chai Khoon, Mr Chua Lee Guan, Mr Loh Yoo Ming and Mr Heng Seng See are major shareholders of PST. They are also shareholders of QLEMP holding 13.35% in total. Mr Sim Chin Swee and Mr Heng Hup Peng are directors of PST and Endau Group.
- (viii) Timurikan Trengganu Marine Products Sdn. Bhd. ("TTMP") is a company engage in the business as marine products manufacturing, trading of edible fishes, frozen fishes and other aquatic animals. Mr Lim Kwan Cheang, Mr Sim Chin Swee, Mr Heng Hup Peng, Mr Heng Chai Khoon, Mr Chua Lee Guan, Mr Loh Yoo Ming and Mr Heng Seng See are major shareholders of TTMP. They are also shareholders of QLEMP holding 13.35% in total. Mr Sim Chin Swee and Mr Heng Hup Peng are directors of TTMP and Endau Group.
- (ix) Success Portfolio Sdn. Bhd. ("SP") is a company engaged in livestock farming which Dr Ng Siew Thiam has interest. Dr Ng Siew Thiam is a director and shareholder in QL AgroResources Sdn. Bhd., a 95% owned subsidiary of QL and the holding company of QL Livestock Farming Sdn. Bhd.. SP is 75% owned by Ruby Technique Sdn. Bhd. ("RT") which in turn is 77.67% and 22.33% owned by CBG Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("CBG") and Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("Farsathy") respectively. CBG and Farsathy are the major shareholders of QL.
- (x) M.B. Agriculture (Sabah) Sdn. Bhd. ("MB (Sabah)") is engaged in livestock farming and is wholly-owned by RT which in turn is 77.67% and 22.33% owned by CBG Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("CBG") and Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("Farsathy") respectively. CBG and Farsathy are the major shareholders of QL.
- (xi) M.B. Agriculture (Sandakan) Sdn. Bhd. ("MB (Sandakan)") is engaged in livestock farming and is 90% owned by RT which in turn is 77.67% and 22.33% owned by CBG Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("CBG") and Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("Farsathy") respectively. CBG and Farsathy are the major shareholders of QL. Mr Liu Sin is a director and shareholder of MB (Sandakan) as well as director of QL Farms Group and a shareholder of QL.
- (xii) Arena Dijaya Sdn. Bhd. ("Arena") is engaged in livestock farming and is 90% owned by RT which in turn is 77.67% and 22.33% owned by CBG Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("CBG") and Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("Farsathy") respectively. CBG and Farsathy are the major shareholders of QL. Mr Liu Sin is a director and shareholder of Arena as well as director of QL Farms Group and a shareholder of QL.
- (xiii) E Koon Plastics Trading ("E Koon") is a sole proprietor company engaged in wholesale of household utensils and cutlery, crockery, glassware, chinaware and pottery, wholesale of other construction materials, hardware, plumbing and heating equipment and supplies N.E.C., retail sale of construction materials, hardware, paints and glass, wholesale of plastic materials in primary forms. E Koon is owned by Ms Eng Siew Yong. She is the daughter-in-law and sister-in-law of Mr Cheah Yaw Song and Mr Cheah Juw Teck respectively, who are directors of QL Foods and QL Fishmeal Sdn. Bhd. as well as shareholders of QL. Mr Chia Song Kun and Mr Chia Song Kang are brothers of Mr Cheah Yaw Song, i.e. part of the Chia Family.
- (xiv) Highglobal Properties Sdn. Bhd. ("HP") is an investment holding company and an associate of M.B. Agriculture (Sandakan) Sdn. Bhd., of which Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd. is the ultimate holding company. Mr Chia Seong Fatt is the director of QL Plantation Sdn. Bhd. ("QLP"), Highglobal Properties Sdn. Bhd. and Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd. He has deemed interest in HP by virtue of his beneficial interests in Farsathy Holdings Sdn. Bhd.
- (xv) Hai Hong Fishery Sdn. Bhd. ("HHF") is engaged in trading in fish, all types of fishery and seafood products. Mr Heng Hup Peng is a director and shareholder in HHF as well as a director and shareholder of QLEMP.
- (xvi) Perikanan Hap Huat Sdn Bhd ("PHH") is engaged in manufacturing, wholesaler, trade of edible fishes and other aquatic animal, post process of aquatic products and rendering of transportation services. Mr Heng Hup Peng and Mr Sim Chin Swee are the directors and shareholders in PHH. They are also the directors and shareholders of QLEMP.



# FORM OF PROXY

No. of ordinary shares held	
CDS Account No.	
Tel/Handphone No.	

I/We	
(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LETTER	RS)
of	
(FULL ADDRESS)	
being a member of <b>QL RESOURCES BERHAD</b> , hereby appoint	(Proxy 1) (FULL NAME)
of(FULL ADDRESS)	,
(TOLE ADDICESS)	
or failing him,	(Proxy 2)
5	( ,
of	

as my/our proxy/proxies to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the 18th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held at Glenmarie Ballroom, Holiday Inn Kuala Lumpur Glenmarie, 1 Jalan Usahawan U1/8, 40250 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Thursday, 27 August 2015 at 10.00 a.m. or any adjournment thereof.

My/our proxy is to vote as indicated below:

Resolutions	For	Against
Ordinary Resolution No. 1		
Ordinary Resolution No. 2		
Ordinary Resolution No. 3		
Ordinary Resolution No. 4		
Ordinary Resolution No. 5		
Ordinary Resolution No. 6		
Ordinary Resolution No. 7		
Ordinary Resolution No. 8		
Ordinary Resolution No. 9		
Ordinary Resolution No. 10		
Ordinary Resolution No. 11		
Ordinary Resolution No. 12		

Please indicate with an "X" or " $\checkmark$ " in the space provided as to how you wish your votes to be cast on the resolutions specified in the Notice of 18th Annual General Meeting. If you do not do so, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion.

Dated this..... day of..... 2015

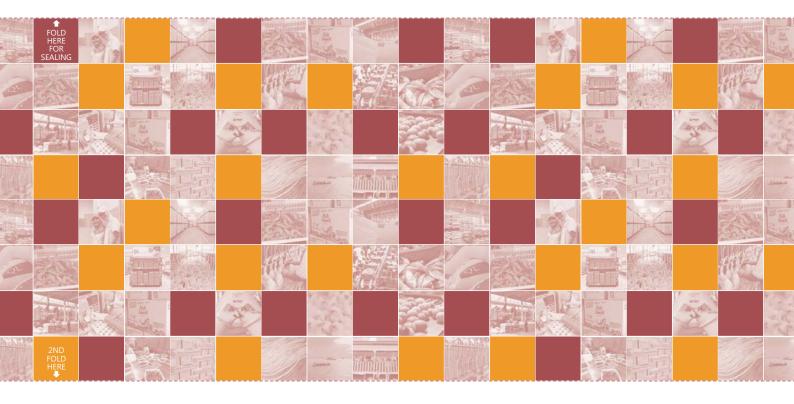
For appointment of two (2) proxies, percentage of shareholding to be represented by the proxies:				
	No. of Shares	Percentage		
Proxy 1				
Proxy 2				
Total				

Signature of Shareholder

Notes:-

- 1. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting may appoint up to two proxies to attend and vote in his place. Where a member appoints two proxies, he shall specify the proportion of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. A proxy can be any person and there shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy and paragraphs (a), (b) and (d) of Section 149(1) of the Companies Act, 1965 shall not apply.
- 2. Where a member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depository) Act, 1991 which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 3. Only members whose name appears on the Register of Depositors as at 19 August 2015 shall be entitled to attend the said meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend and/or vote on his behalf.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at No. 16A, Jalan Astaka U8/83, Bukit Jelutong, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan, at least 48 hours before the appointed time of holding the Meeting.

5. In the case of a corporation, the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.



Affix Stamp

# The Company Secretary

# QL RESOURCES BERHAD (428915-X)

No. 16A, Jalan Astaka U8/83 Bukit Jelutong 40150 Shah Alam Selangor Darul Ehsan



# **Notes:**

# **Notes:**

全利資源有限公司 QL RESOURCES BERHAD (428915-X) No. 16A, Jalan Astaka U8/83, Bukit Jelutong, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan. Tel: 03-7801 2288 Fax: 03-7801 2228 www.ql.com.my